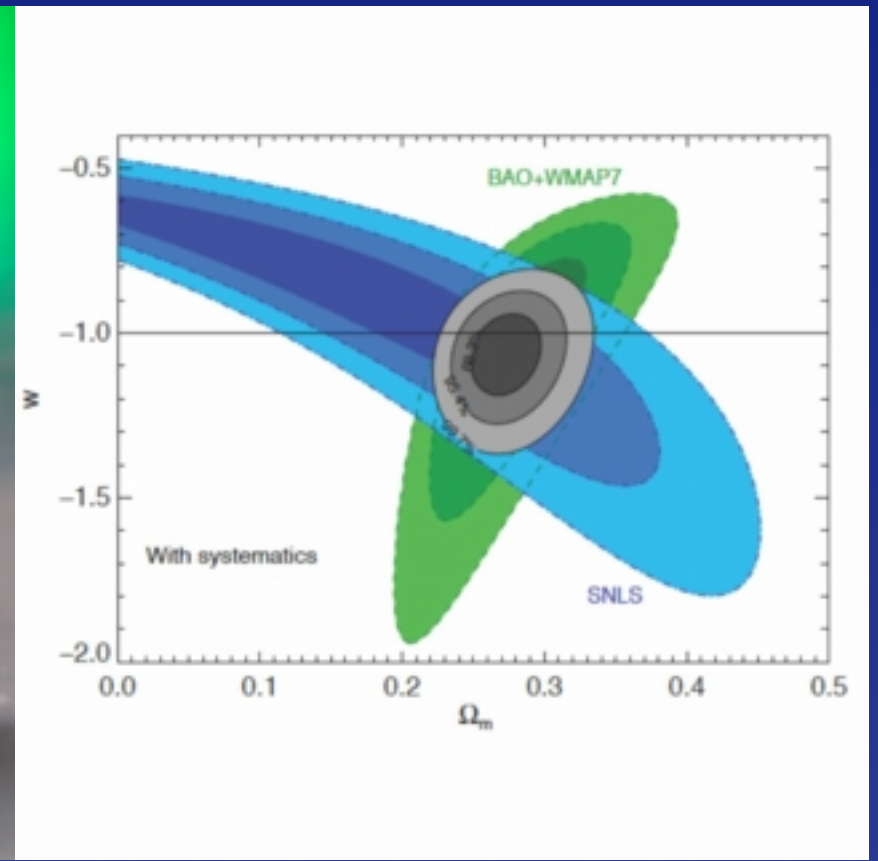
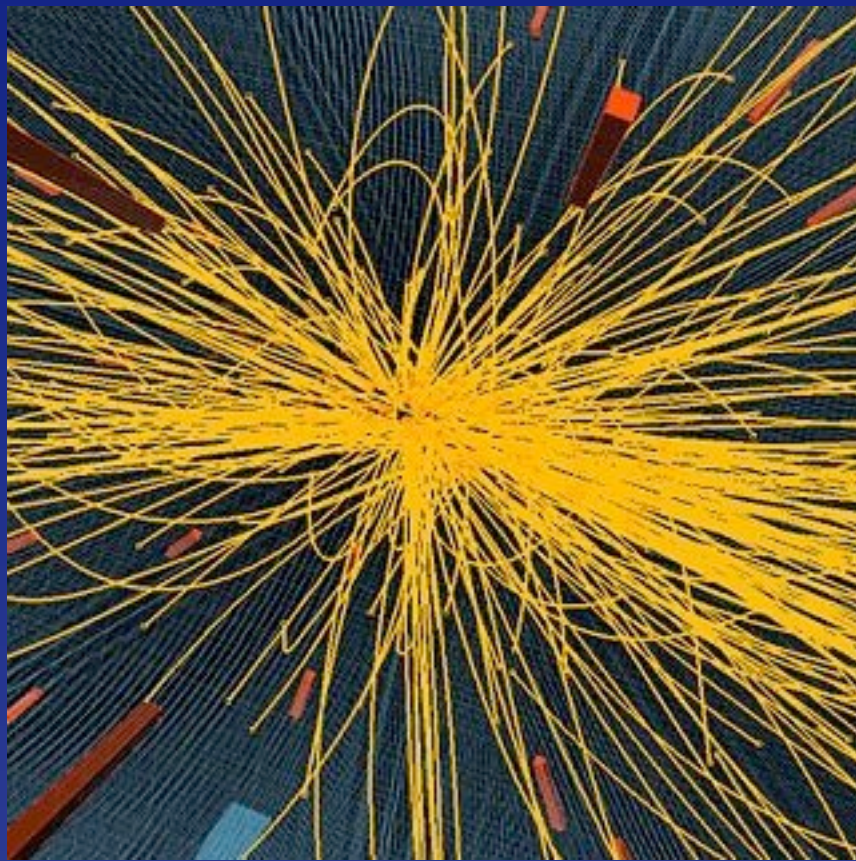


The Coming Revolutions in Particle Physics

Chris Quigg

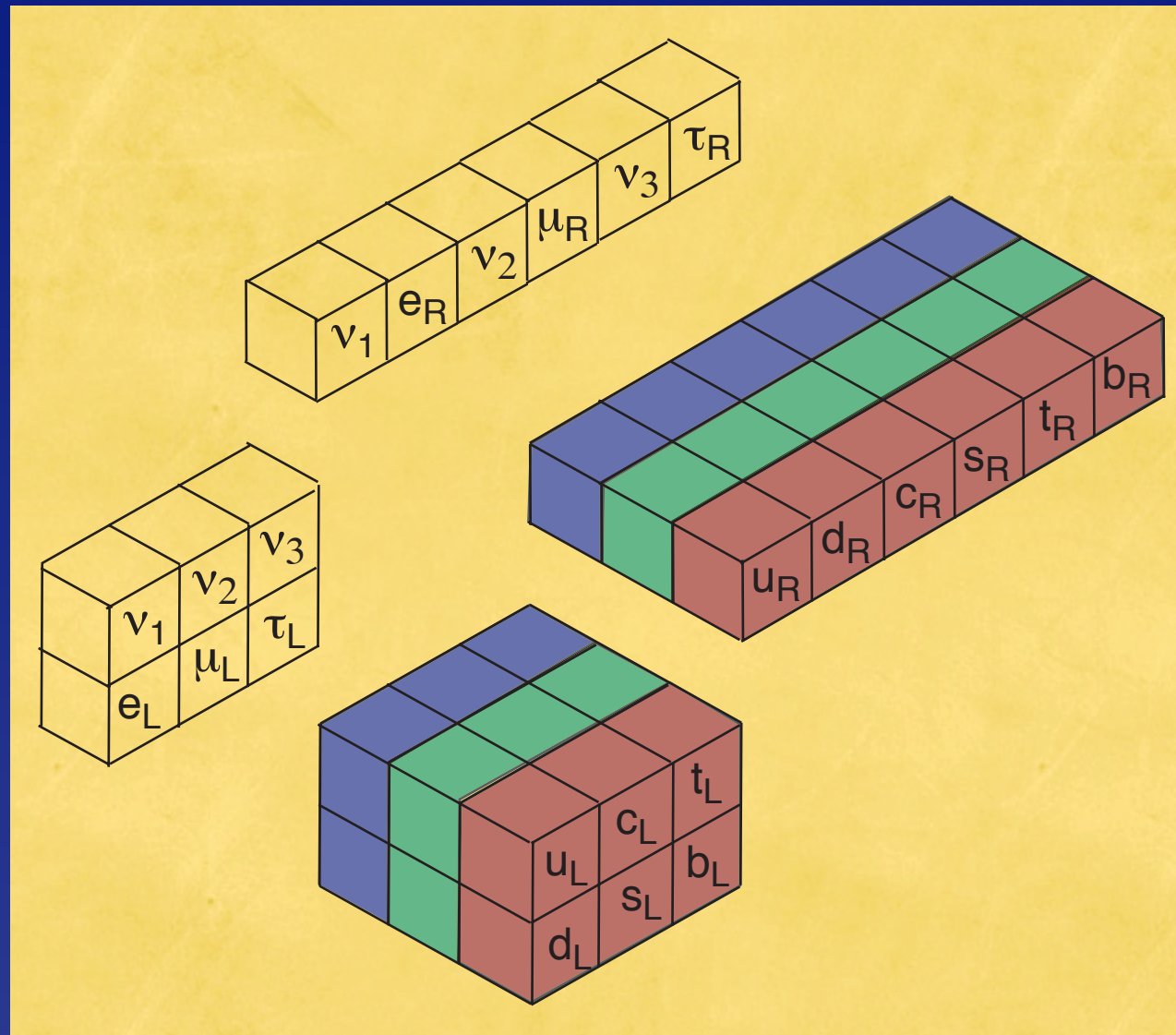
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory



Prague · 20 April 2011

Two New Laws of Nature +

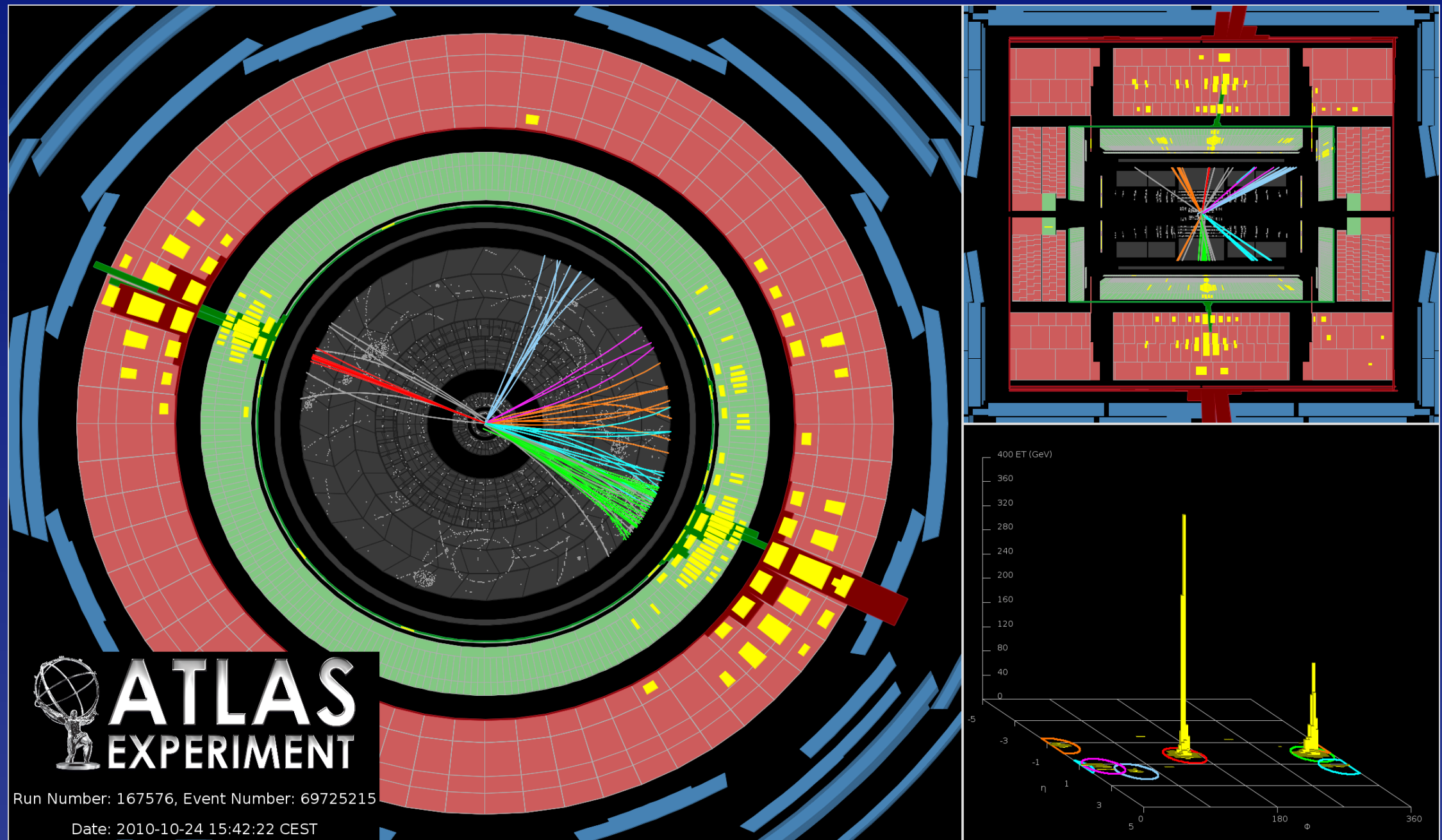
Pointlike ($r \leq 10^{-18}$ m) *quarks* and *leptons*



Interactions: $SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$ gauge symmetries

The World's Most Powerful Microscopes

nanonanophysics



Transverse momenta: 1.3 TeV + 1.2 TeV

Quantum Chromodynamics

Asymptotically free theory

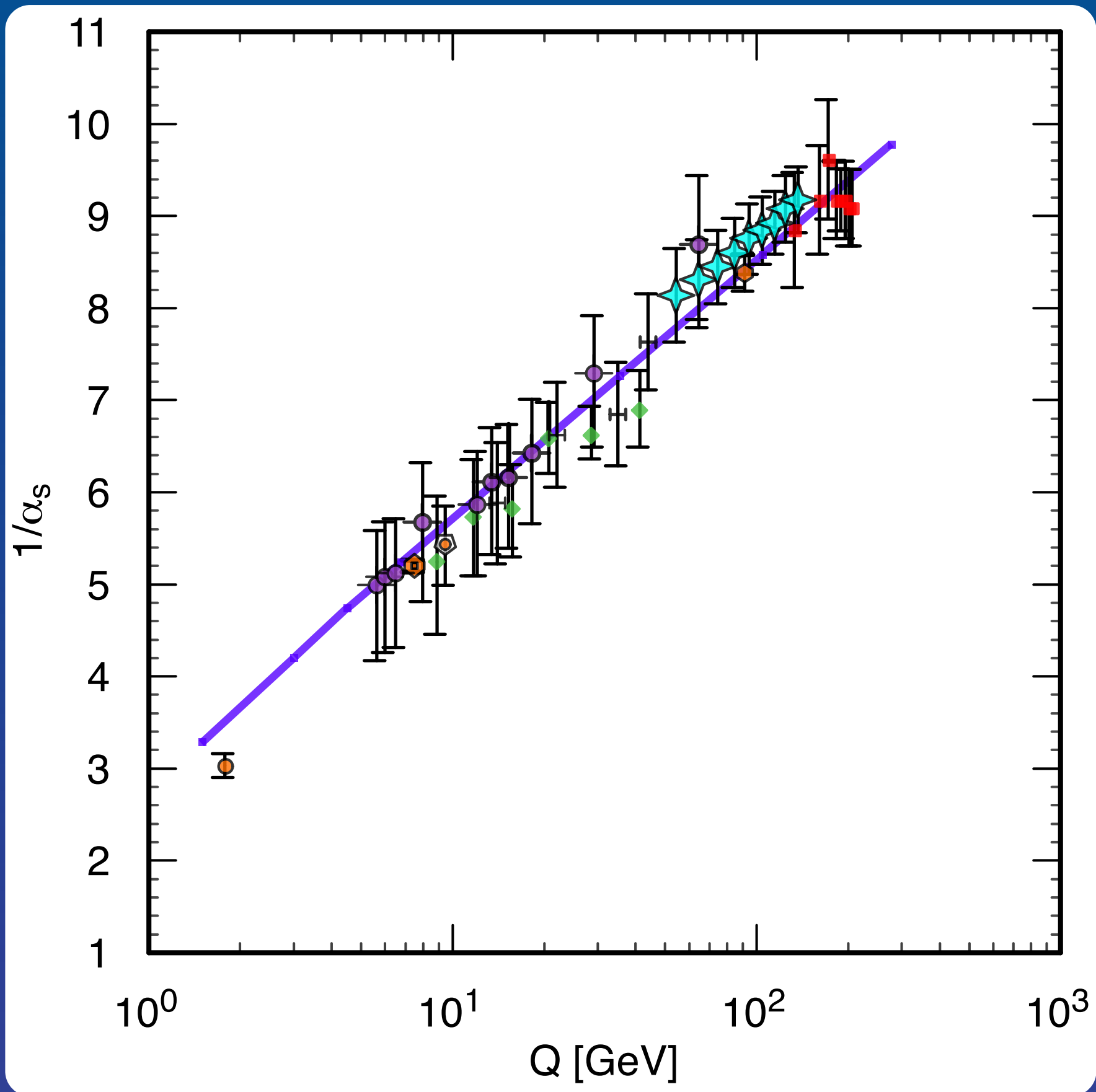
Many successes in perturbation theory to 1 TeV

Growing understanding: nonperturbative regime

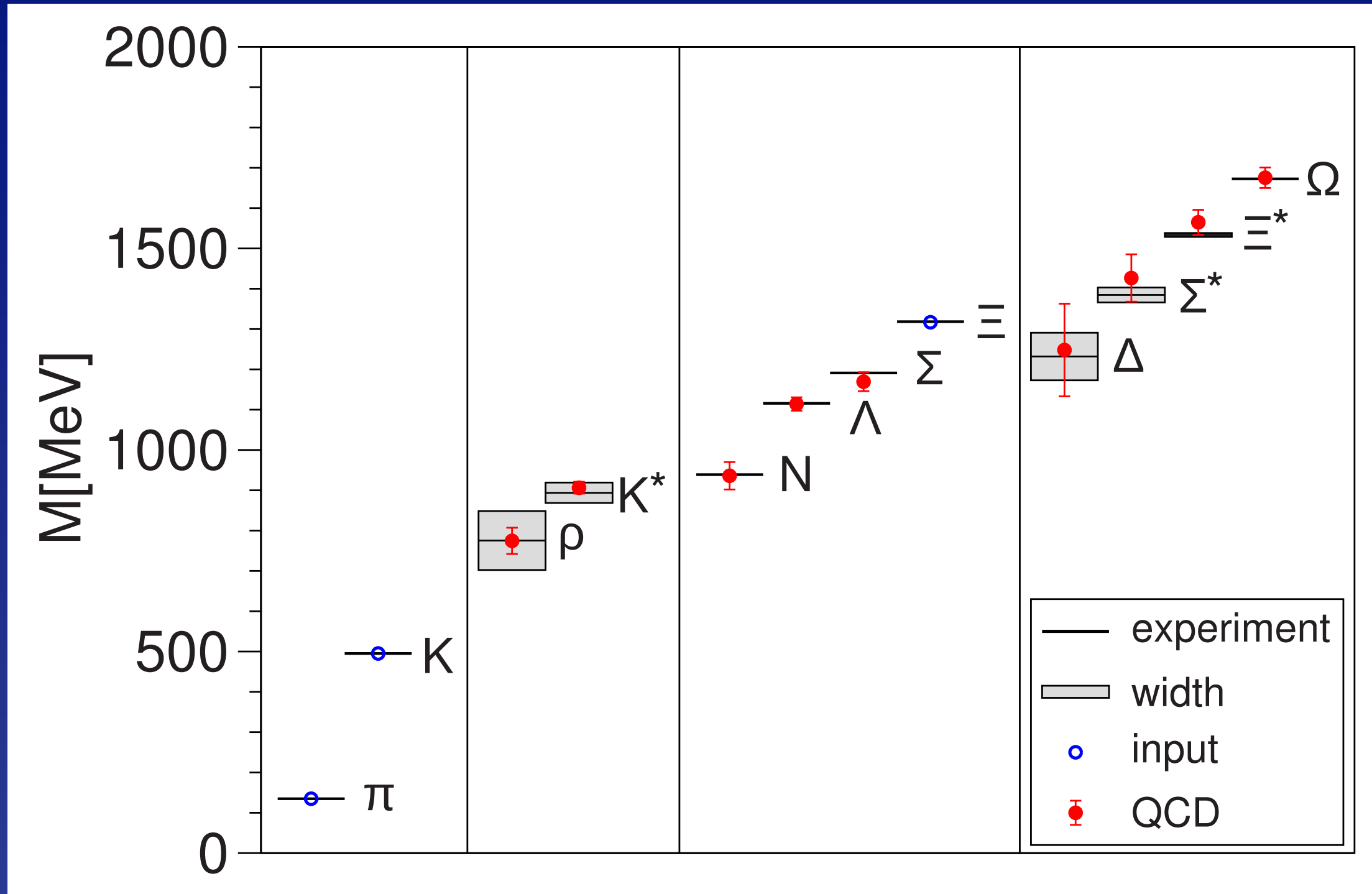
Quarks & gluons confined: evidence, no proof

No structural defects, but *strong CP problem*

Evolution of the strong coupling “constant”



Light hadron spectrum with dynamical fermions



BMW

How Might QCD Crack?

(Breakdown of factorization)

Free quarks / unconfined color

New kinds of colored matter

Quark compositeness

Larger color symmetry containing QCD

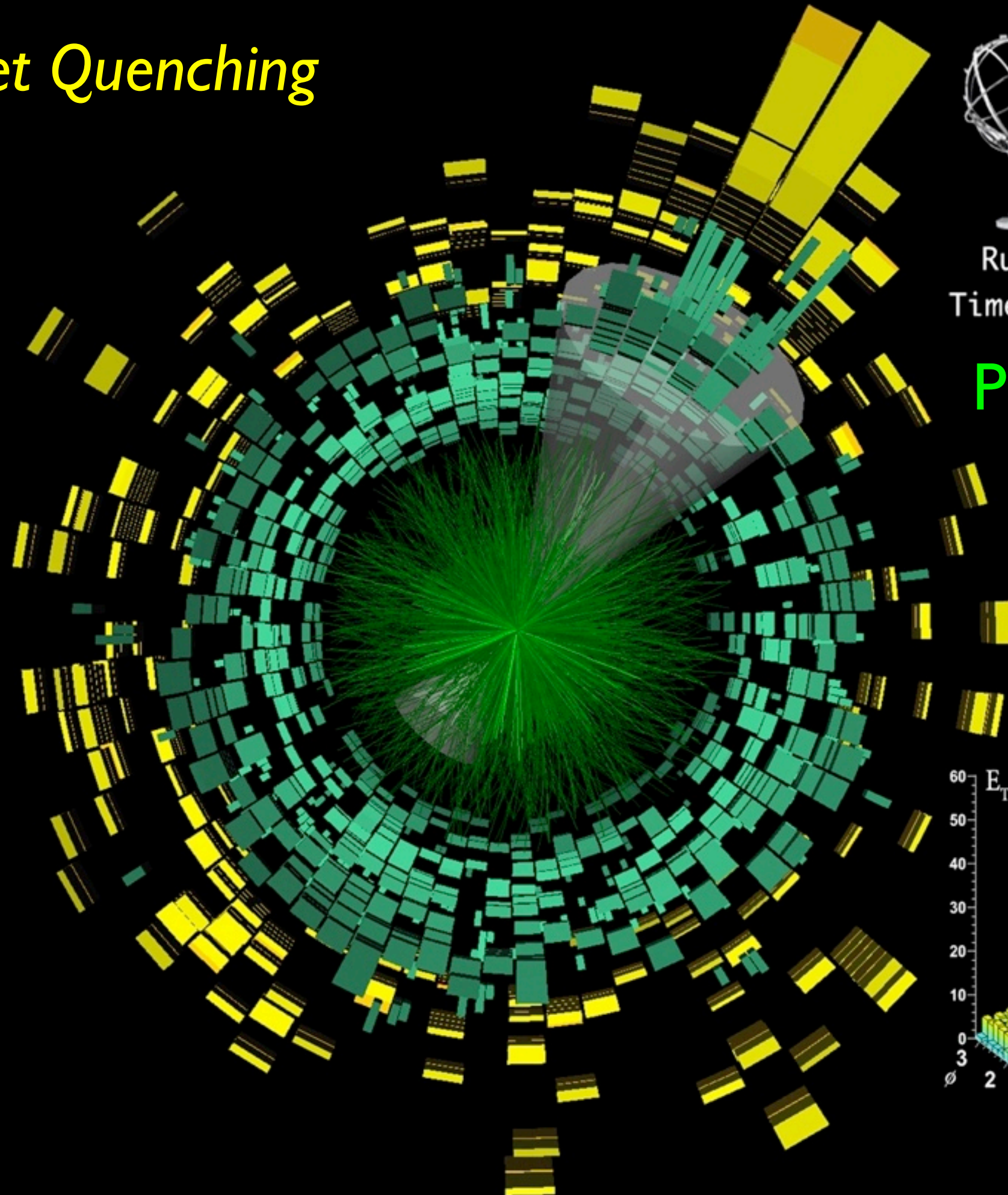
Jet Quenching



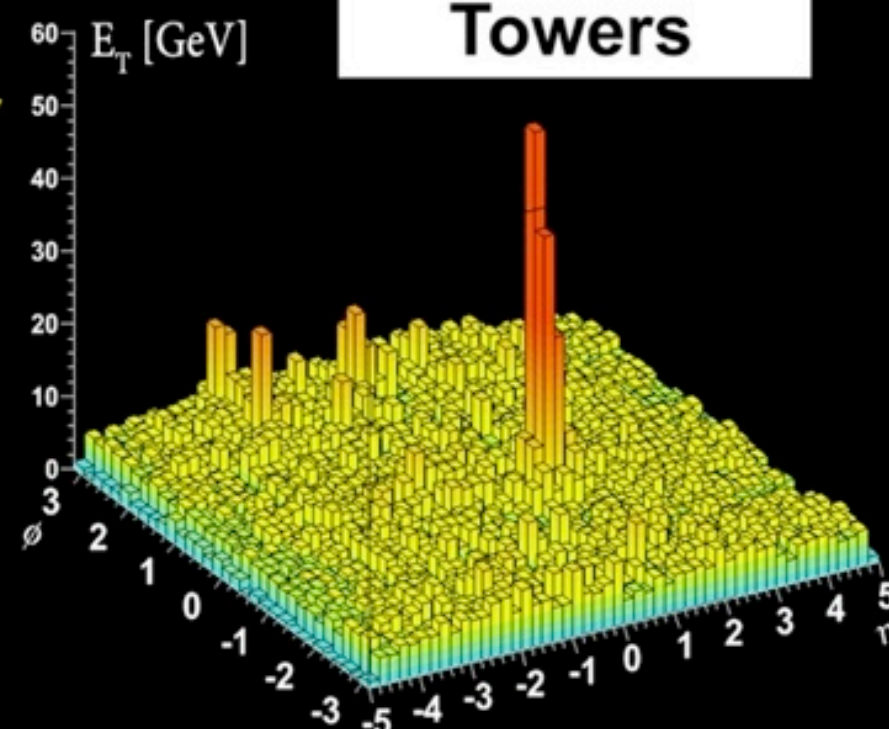
ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run 168795, Event 7578342
Time 2010-11-09 08:55:48 CET

Pb-Pb at 287 TeV



Calorimeter
Towers



Electroweak Theory

To good approximation ...

3-generation V–A

GIM suppresses FCNC

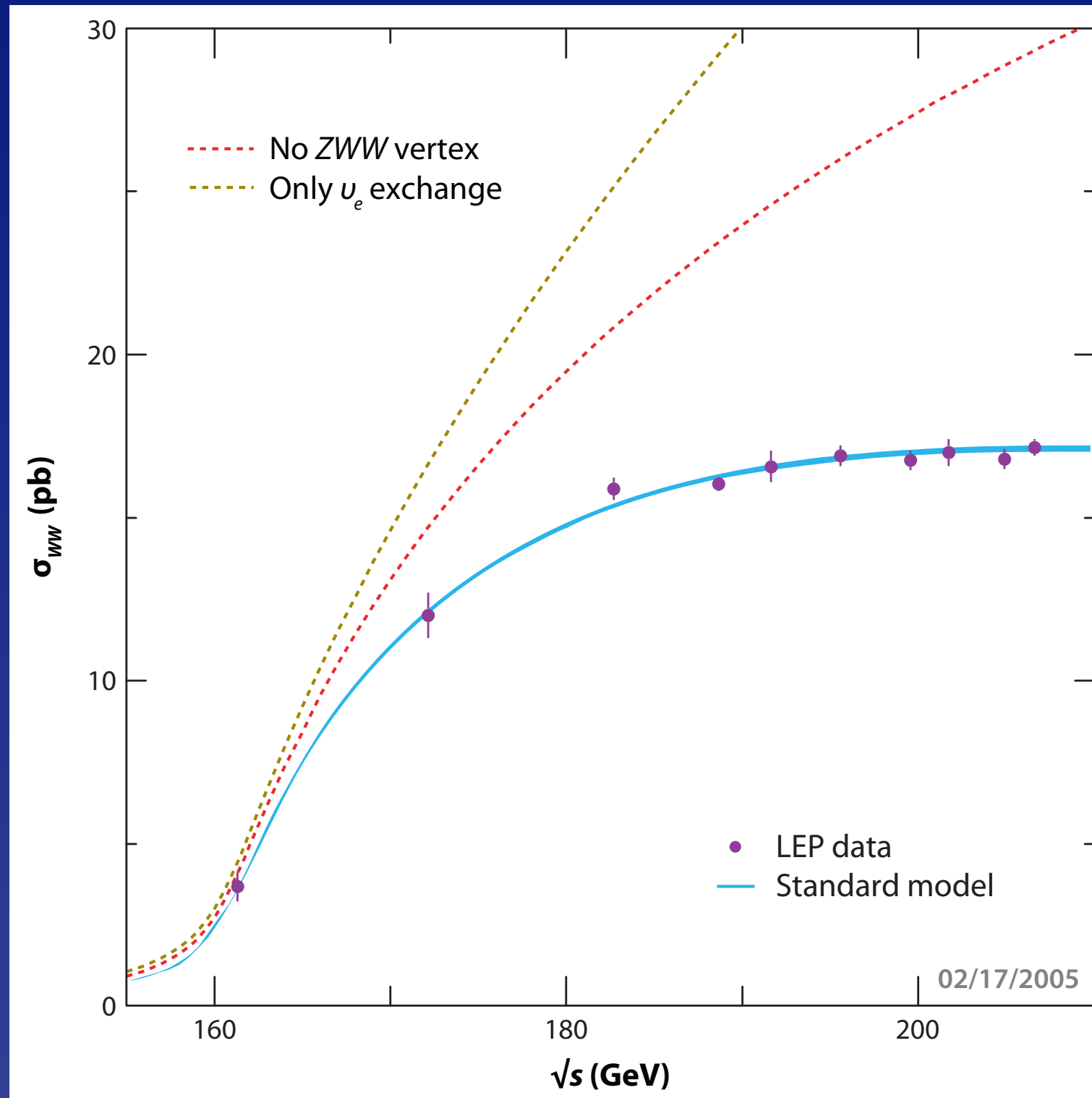
CKM quark-mixing matrix describes CPV

Gauge symmetry validated in $e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^-$

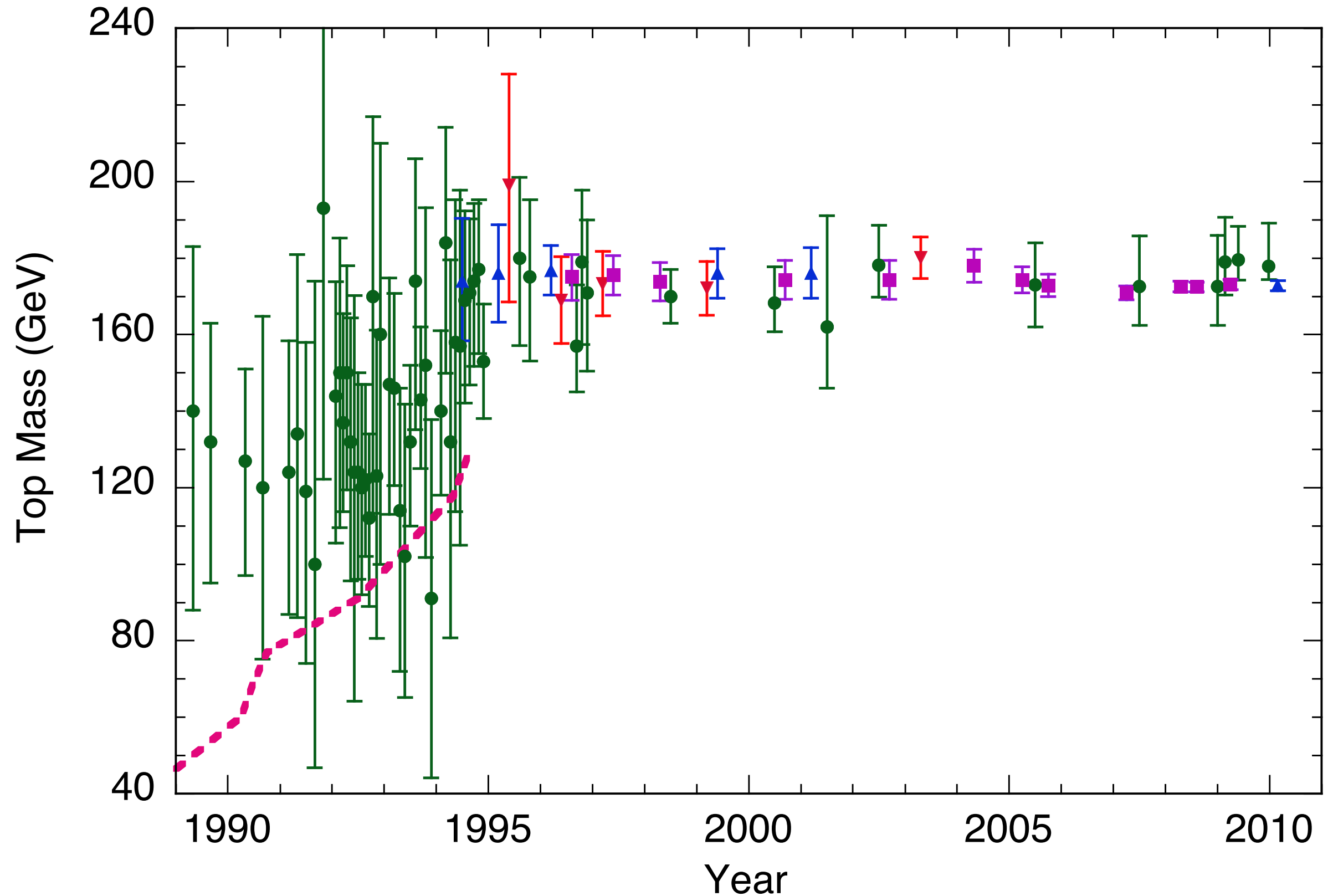
Tested as quantum field theory at per-mille level

Gauge symmetry (group-theory structure) tested in

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^-$$



Electroweak Theory Anticipates Discoveries



Large Hadron Collider

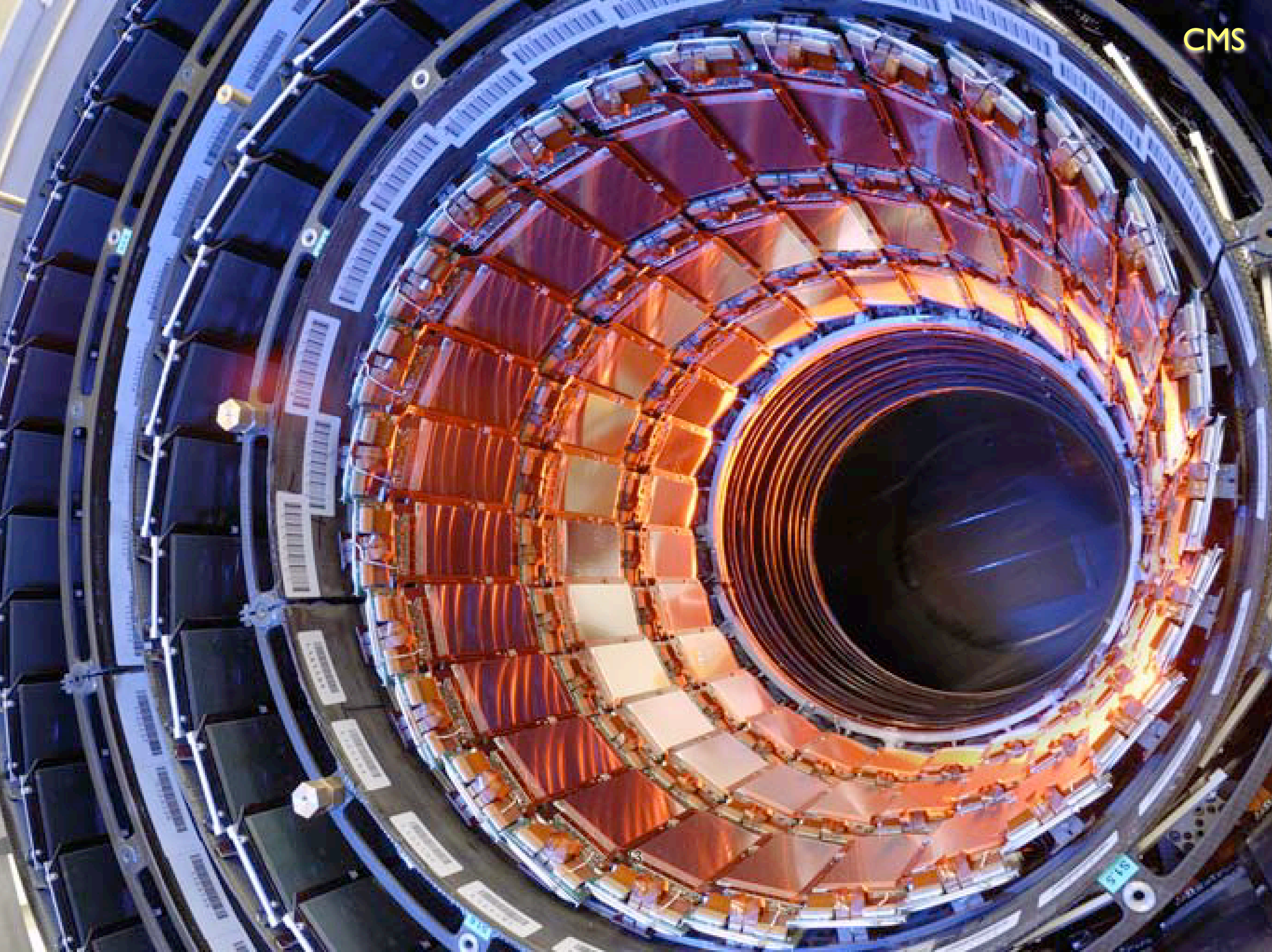
CMS

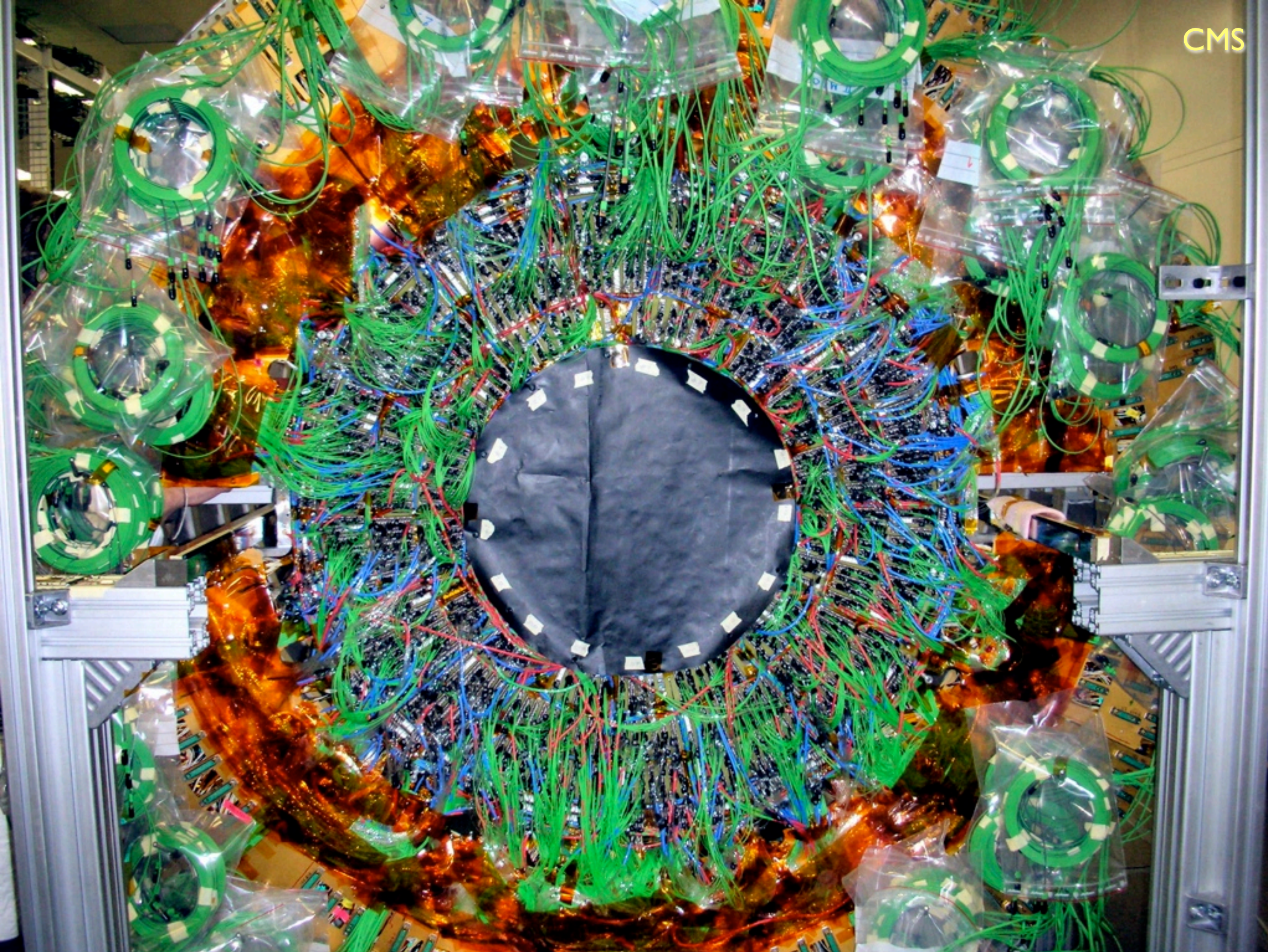
LHCb

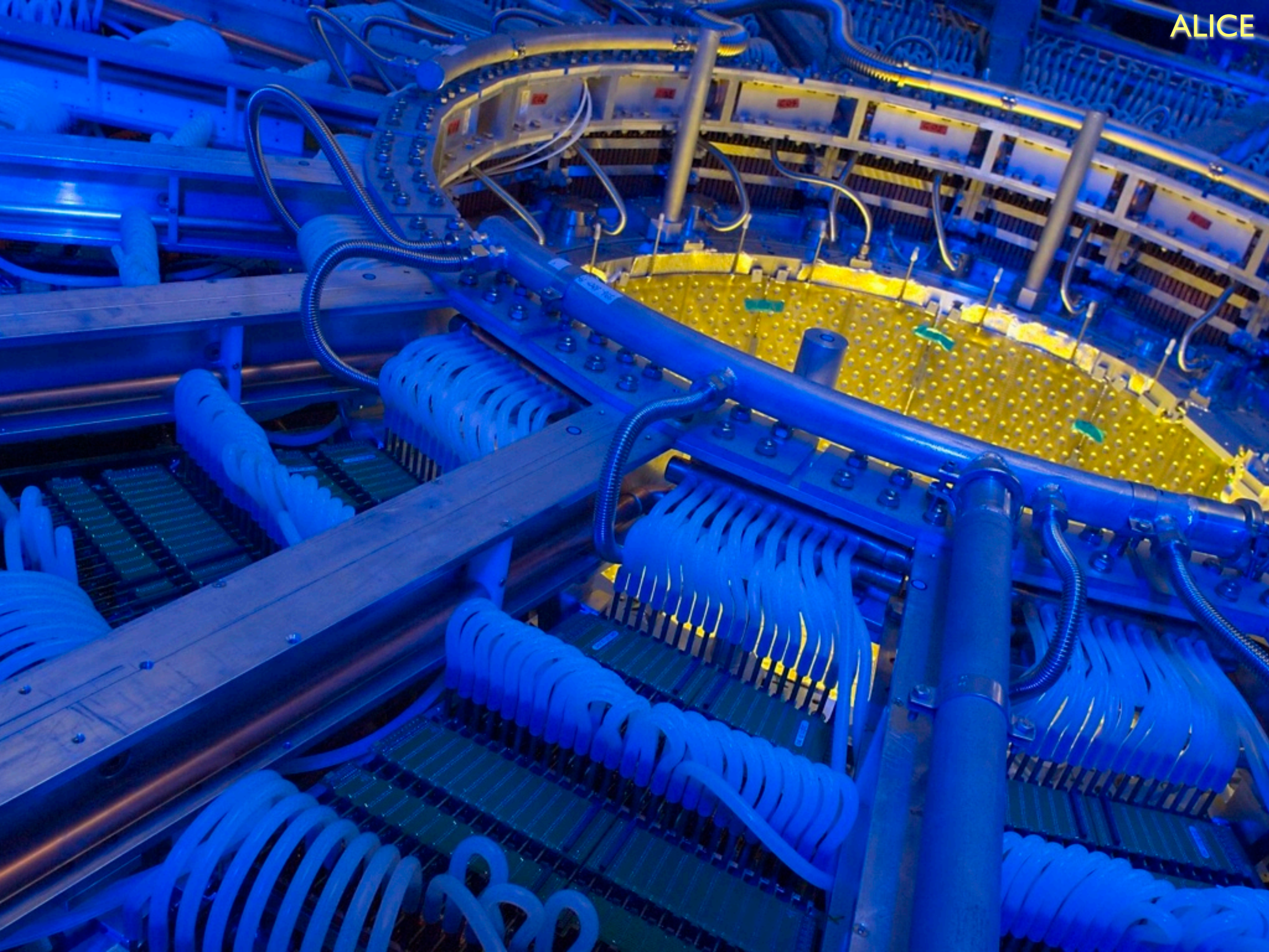
ALICE

ATLAS

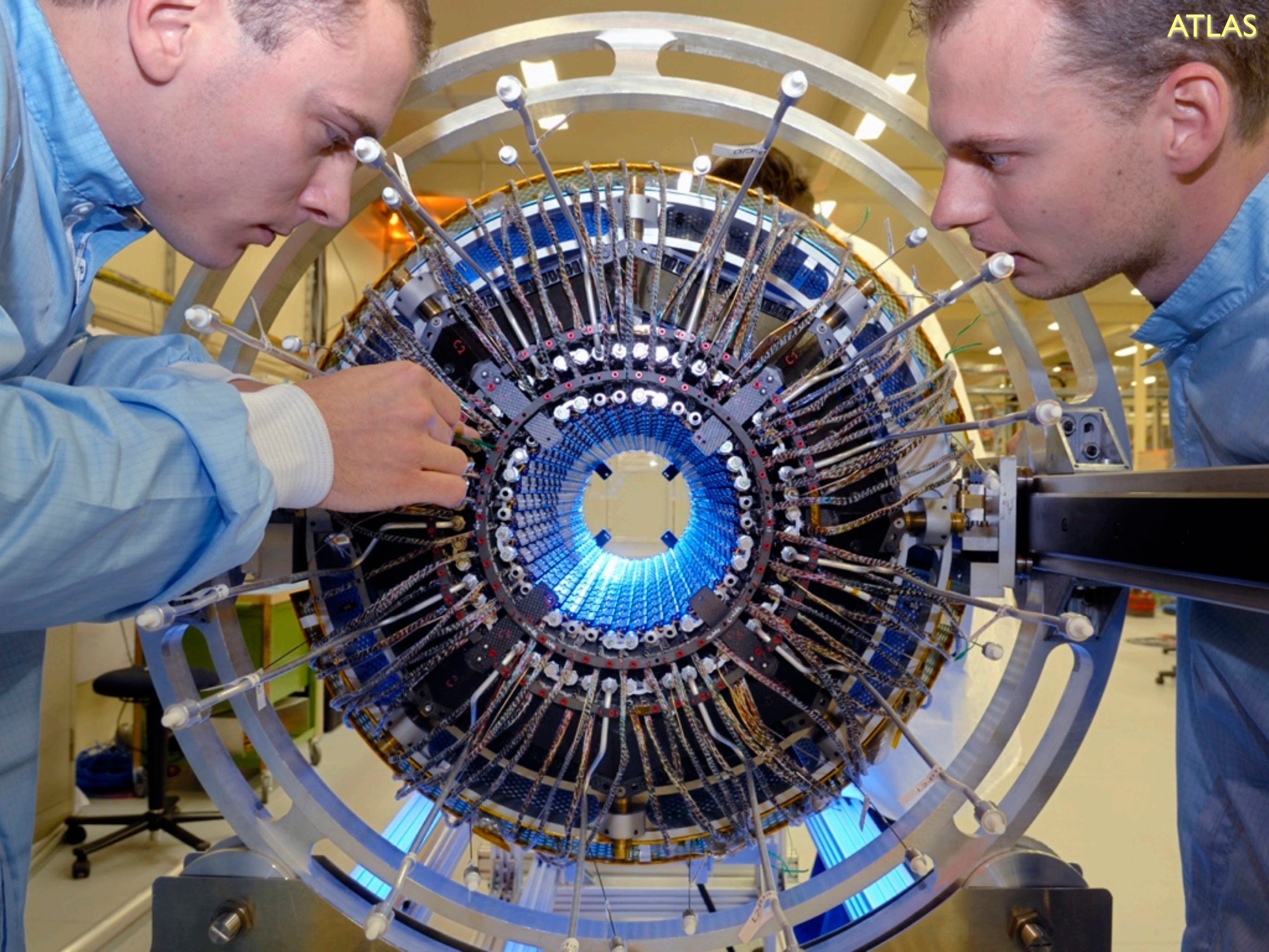


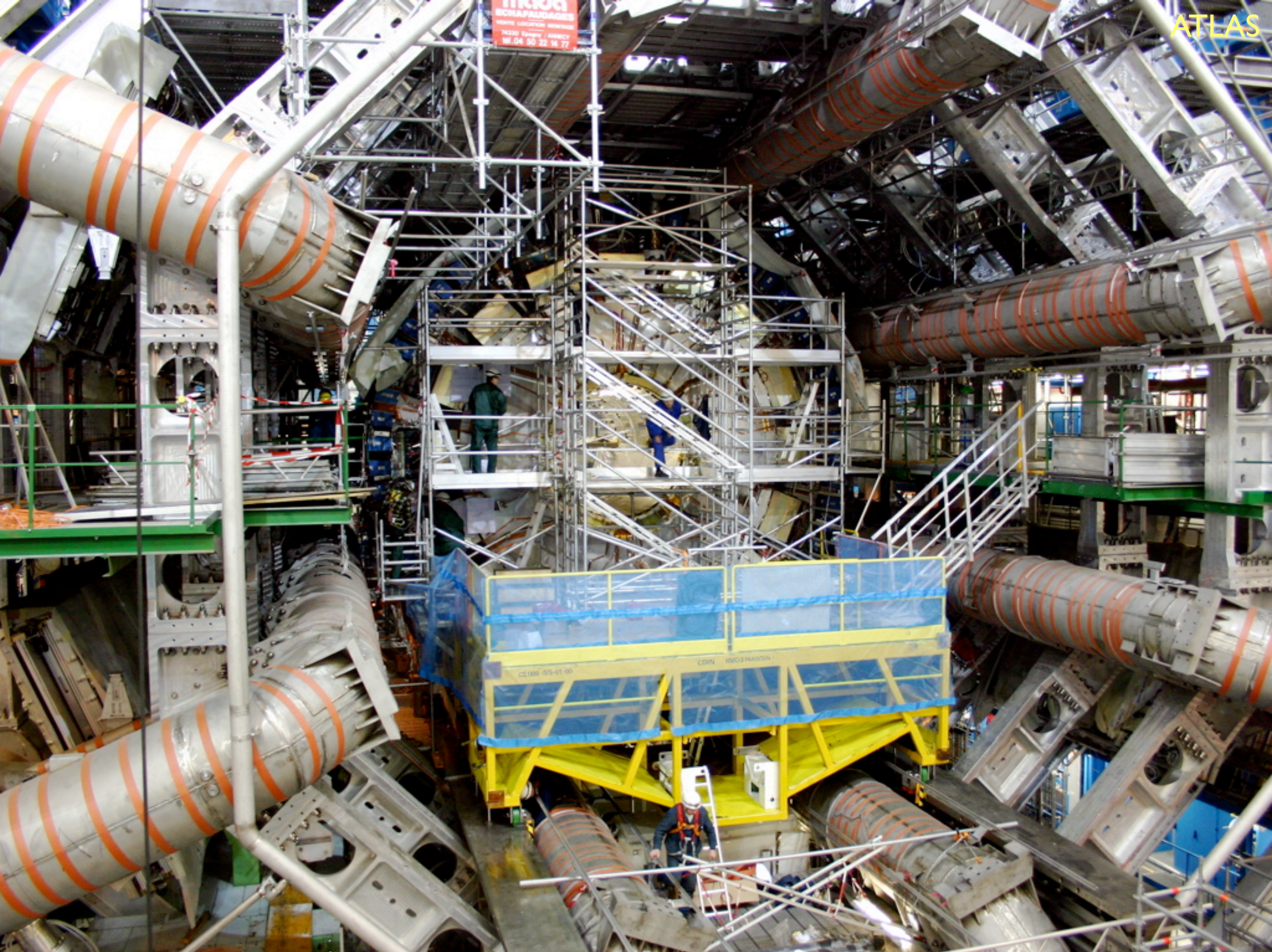












An unknown agent hides electroweak symmetry

- * A force of a new character, based on interactions of an elementary scalar
- * A new gauge force, perhaps acting on undiscovered constituents
- * A residual force that emerges from strong dynamics among electroweak gauge bosons
- * An echo of extra spacetime dimensions

The Importance of the 1-TeV Scale

EW theory does not predict Higgs-boson mass

Thought experiment: *conditional upper bound*

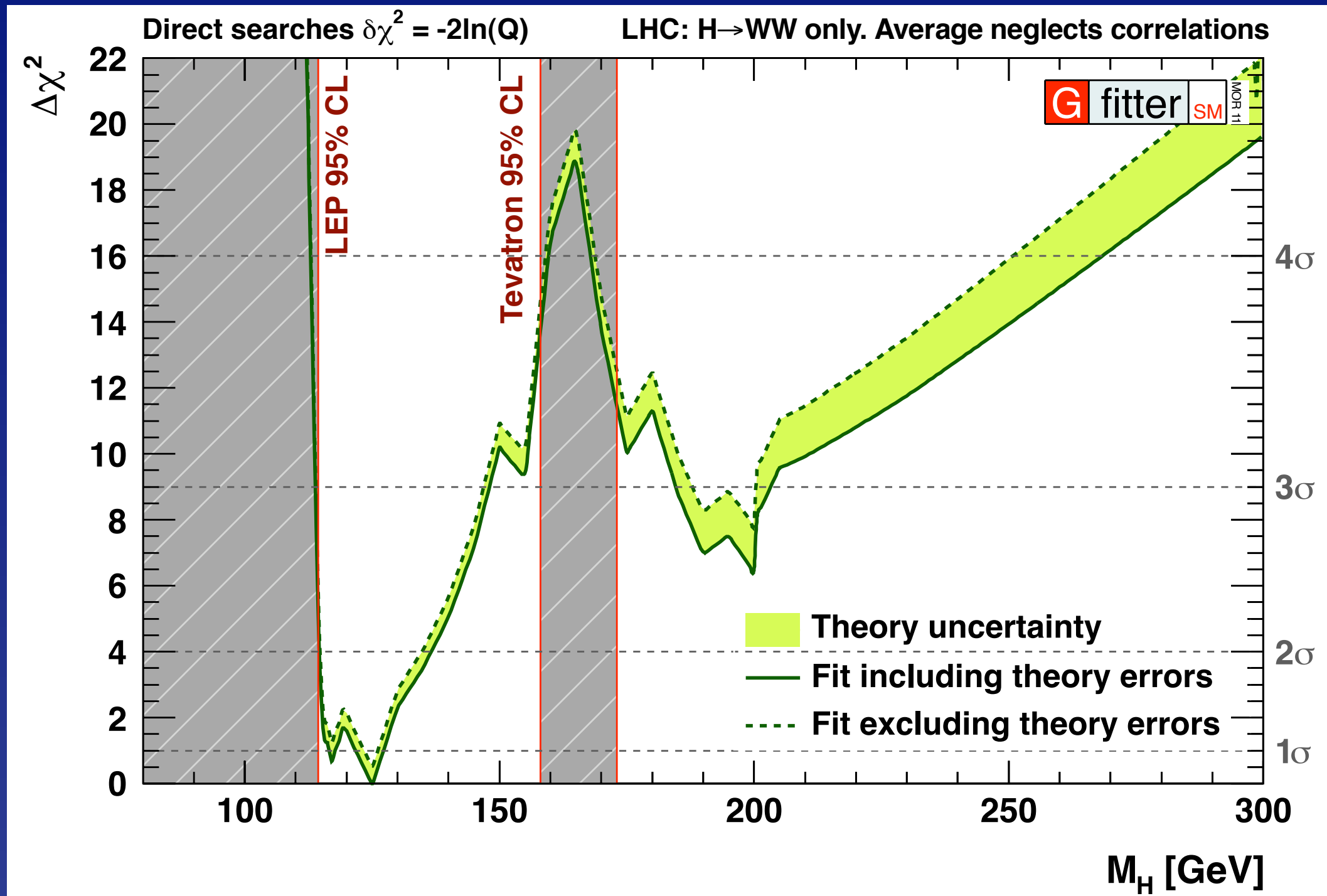
W^+W^- , ZZ , HH , HZ satisfy s-wave unitarity,

provided $M_H \leq (8\pi\sqrt{2}/3G_F)^{1/2} \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$

- If bound is respected, perturbation theory is “everywhere” reliable
- If not, weak interactions among W^\pm , Z , H become strong on 1-TeV scale

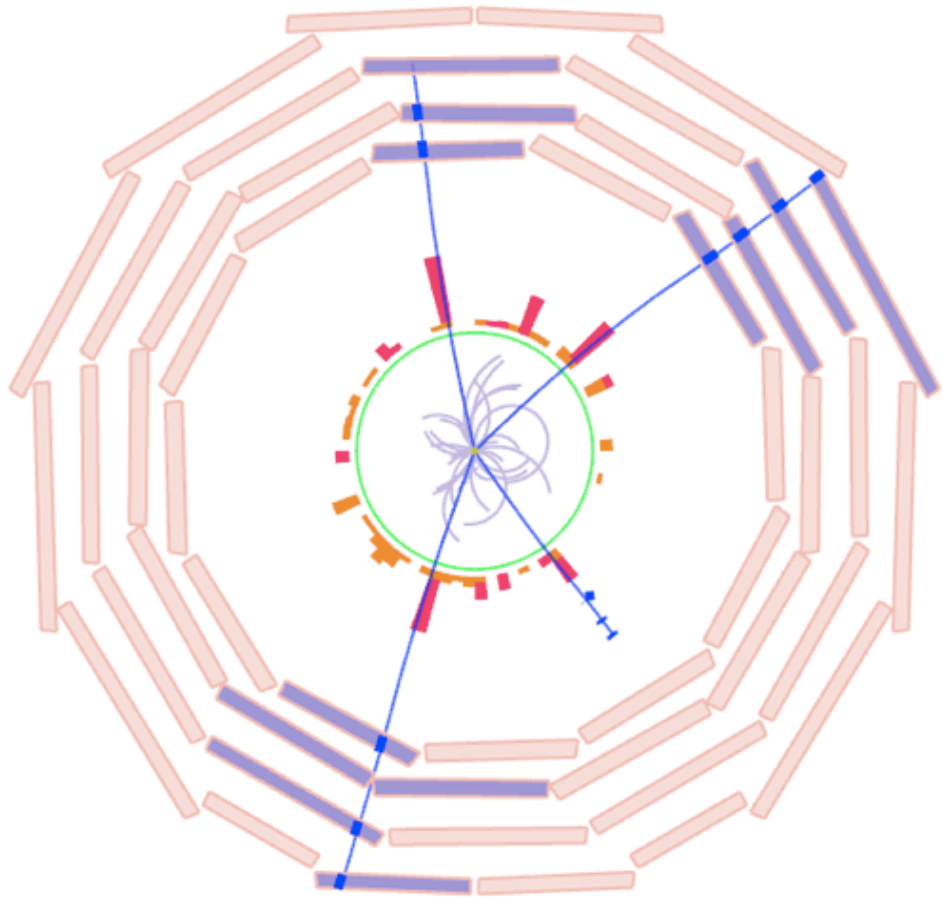
New phenomena are to be found around 1 TeV

Where the SM Higgs Boson Is Not

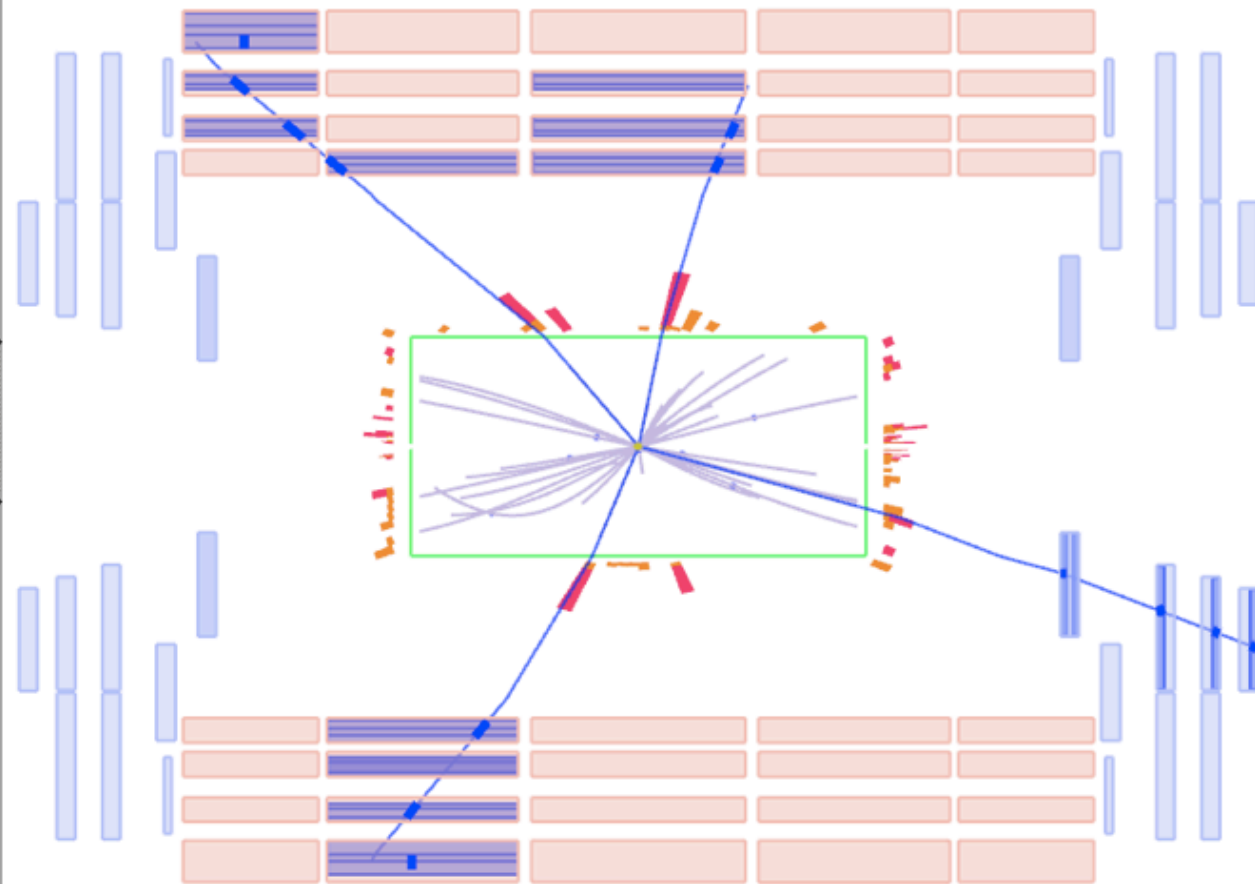


BSM: Heavy Higgs allowed, even natural

How a heavy Higgs boson would appear



CMS event: 7-TeV pp



Invariant Masses

$\mu_0 + \mu_1$: 92.15 GeV (total(Z) p_T 26.5 GeV, ϕ -3.03),
 $\mu_2 + \mu_3$: 92.24 GeV (total(Z) p_T 29.4 GeV, ϕ +.06),
 $\mu_0 + \mu_2$: 70.12 GeV (total p_T 27 GeV),
 $\mu_3 + \mu_1$: 83.1 GeV (total p_T 26.1 GeV).

Invariant Mass of 4 μ : 201 GeV

2011-2012 Standard-Model Higgs Projections

SM Higgs Search Prospects (Mass in GeV)			
ATLAS + CMS $\approx 2 \times \text{CMS}$	95% CL exclusion	3σ sensitivity	5σ sensitivity
1 fb^{-1}	120 - 530	135 - 475	152 - 175
2 fb^{-1}	114 - 585	120 - 545	140 - 200
5 fb^{-1}	114 - 600	114 - 600	128 - 482
10 fb^{-1}	114 - 600	114 - 600	117 - 535

V. Sharma, Moriond EW 2011

Why will it matter?

Imagine a world without a symmetry-breaking (Higgs) mechanism at the electroweak scale

Without a Higgs mechanism ...

Electron and quarks would have no mass

QCD would confine quarks into protons, etc.

Nucleon mass little changed

*Surprise: QCD would hide EW symmetry,
give tiny masses to W, Z*

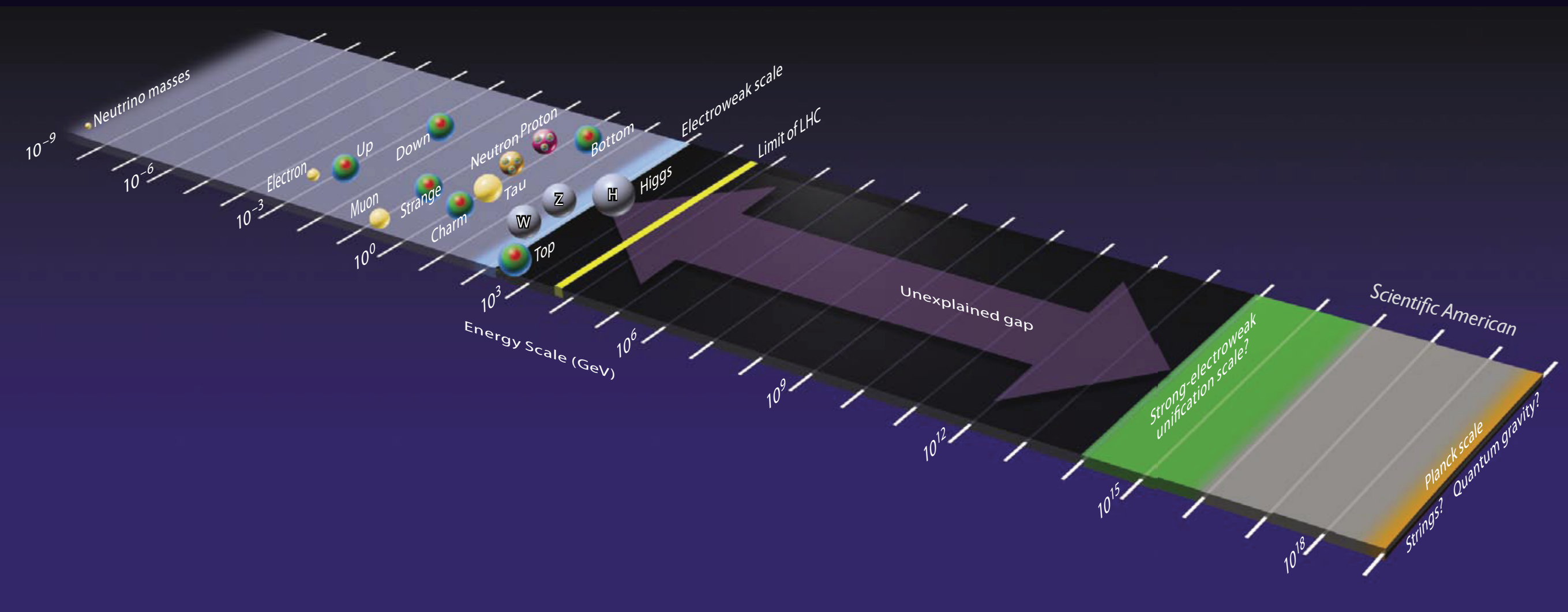
Massless electron: atoms lose integrity

*No atoms means no chemistry, no stable
composite structures like liquids, solids, ...*

[arXiv:0901.3958](#)

Does $M_H < 1 \text{ TeV}$ make sense?

The peril of quantum corrections



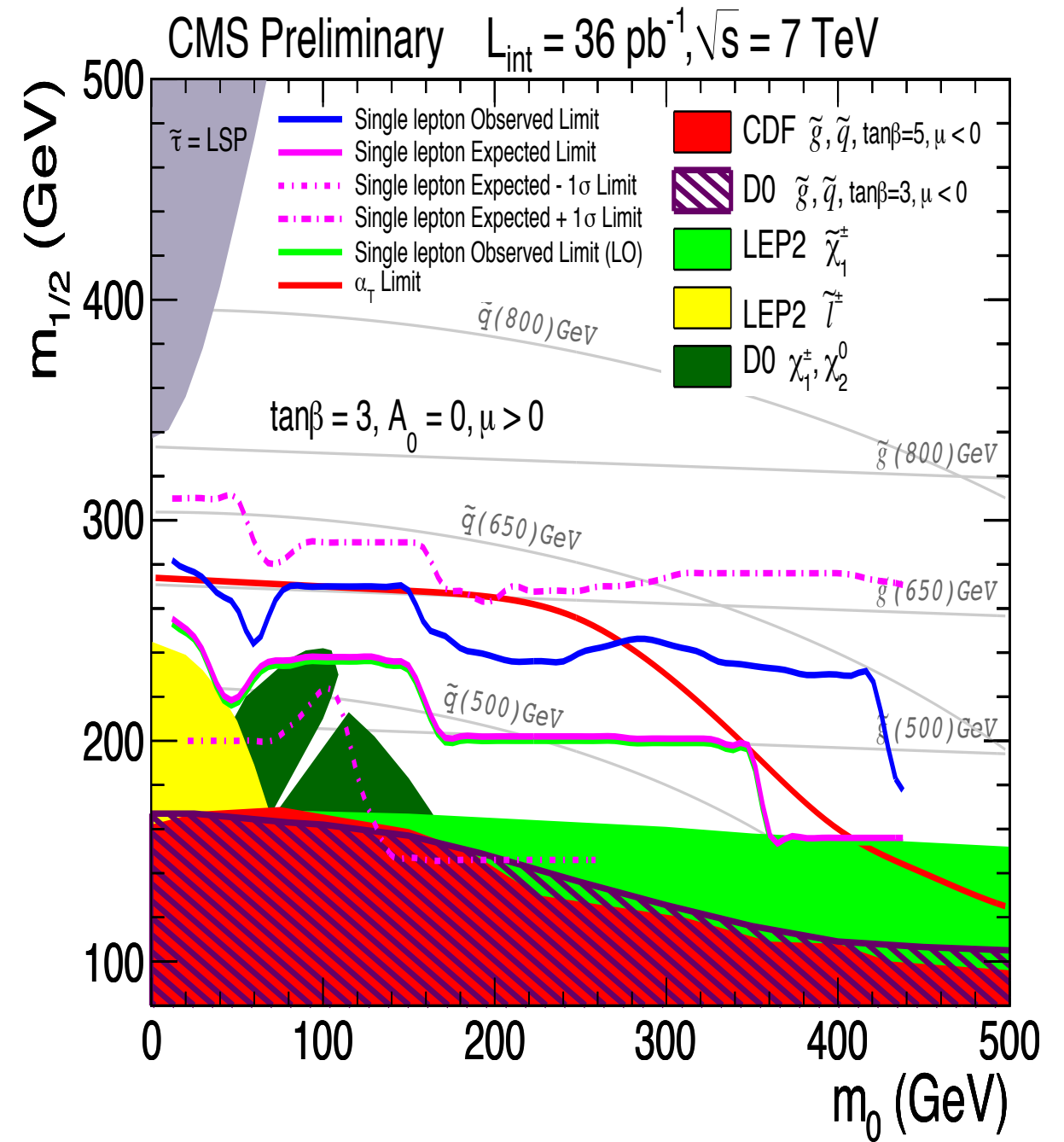
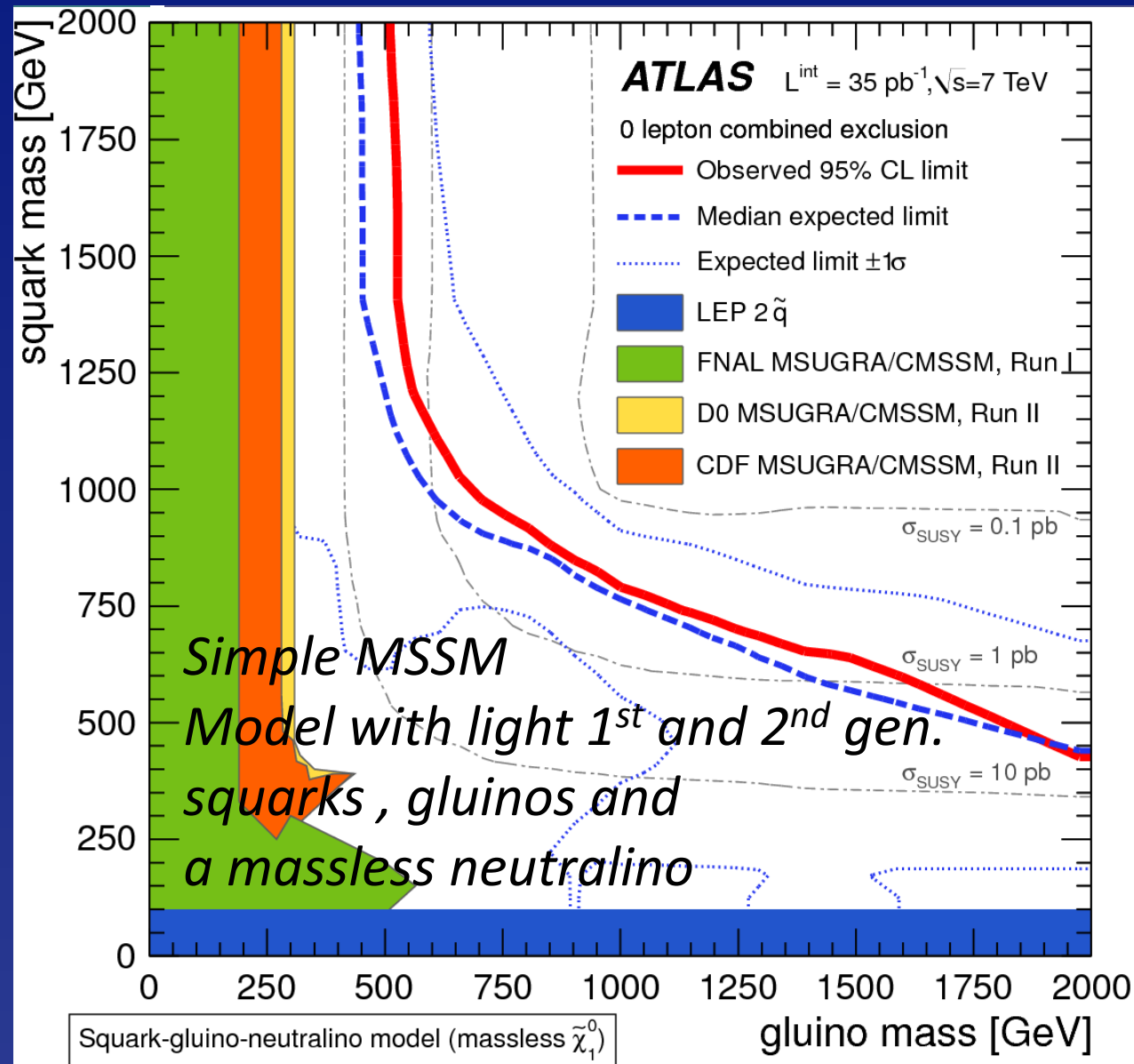
Puzzle #1: Expect New Physics on TeV scale
to stabilize Higgs mass, solve hierarchy problem,
but no sign of FCNC

Minimal flavor violation a name, not yet an answer

Great interest in searches for
forbidden or suppressed processes

Puzzle #2: Expect New Physics on TeV scale
to stabilize Higgs mass, solve hierarchy problem,
but no quantitative failures of EW theory

Supersymmetry is hiding very effectively

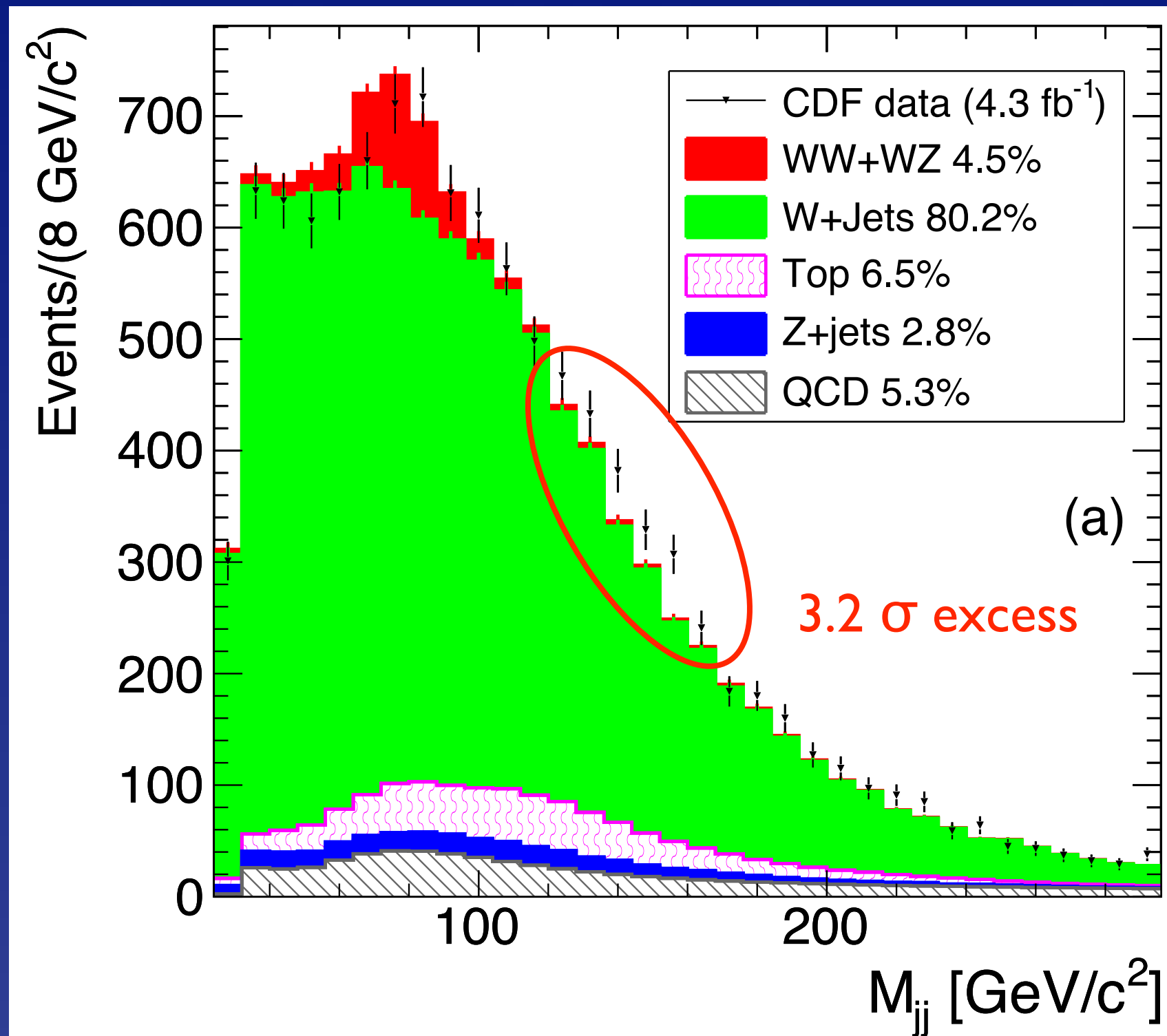


... and nothing else has turned up in early running

A particularly demanding assessment

Strumia, Moriond EW 2011

A Hint of Something New from CDF in $W+2$ jets



Several persistent tensions in flavor sector

New physics in B mixing?

4th generation?

Supersymmetry?

Extra dimensions?

... ?

$|V_{ub}|$ comparisons

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Latest combined fit to data, lattice } B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu \quad (2.95 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3} \\ \text{Inclusive, PDG2010 average: } b \rightarrow u \ell \nu \quad (4.37 \pm 0.39) \times 10^{-3} \end{array} \right\} 2.7\sigma$$

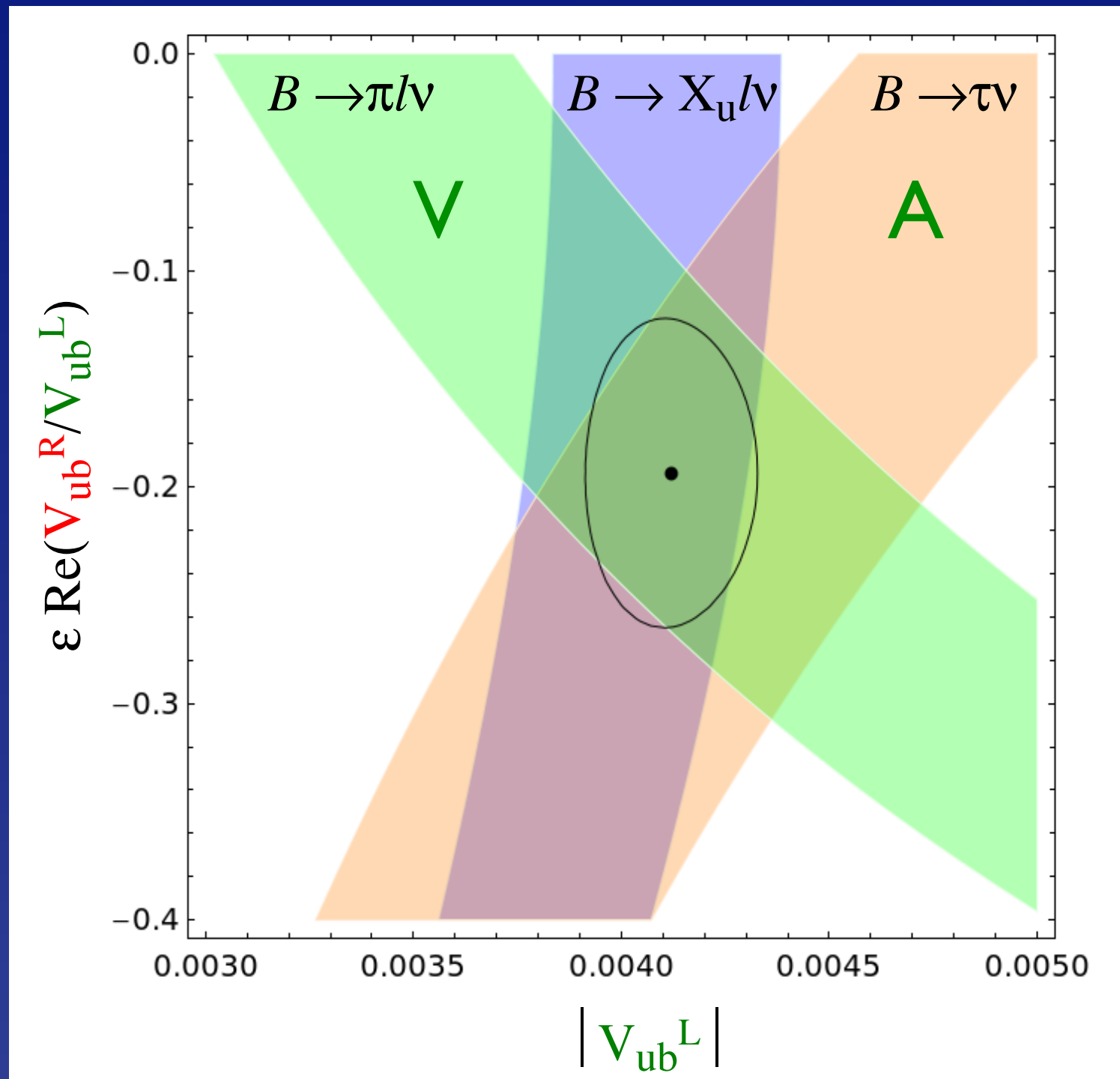
Difference is a problem and perhaps should be identified as an unattributed uncertainty

- work of multiple experiments, multiple theoretical groups.
- exclusive result relies on non-perturbative normalization input
- inclusive result uses m_b , non-perturbative extrapolations and perturbative corrections

Predictions from

CKM fits:	UTFit	3.48 ± 0.16	(ICHEP 2008)
	CKMFitter	$3.51 \pm^{0.15}_{0.16}$	(Beauty 2009)

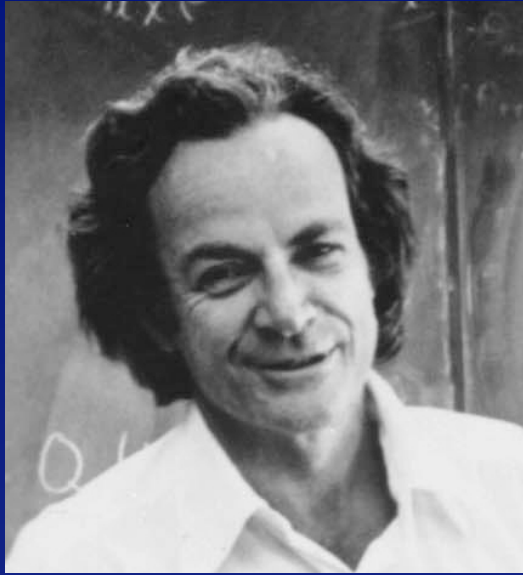
Resolution by RH current?



Buras/Gemmler/Isidori 1007.1993

Tevatron puzzles:

DØ Dimuon Charge Asymmetry
CDF top-pair FB Asymmetry
 φ J/ ψ Phase



Why does the muon weigh?

gauge symmetry allows

$$\zeta_e \left[(\overline{e_L} \Phi) e_R + \overline{e_R} (\Phi^\dagger e_L) \right] \rightsquigarrow m_e = \zeta_e v / \sqrt{2}$$

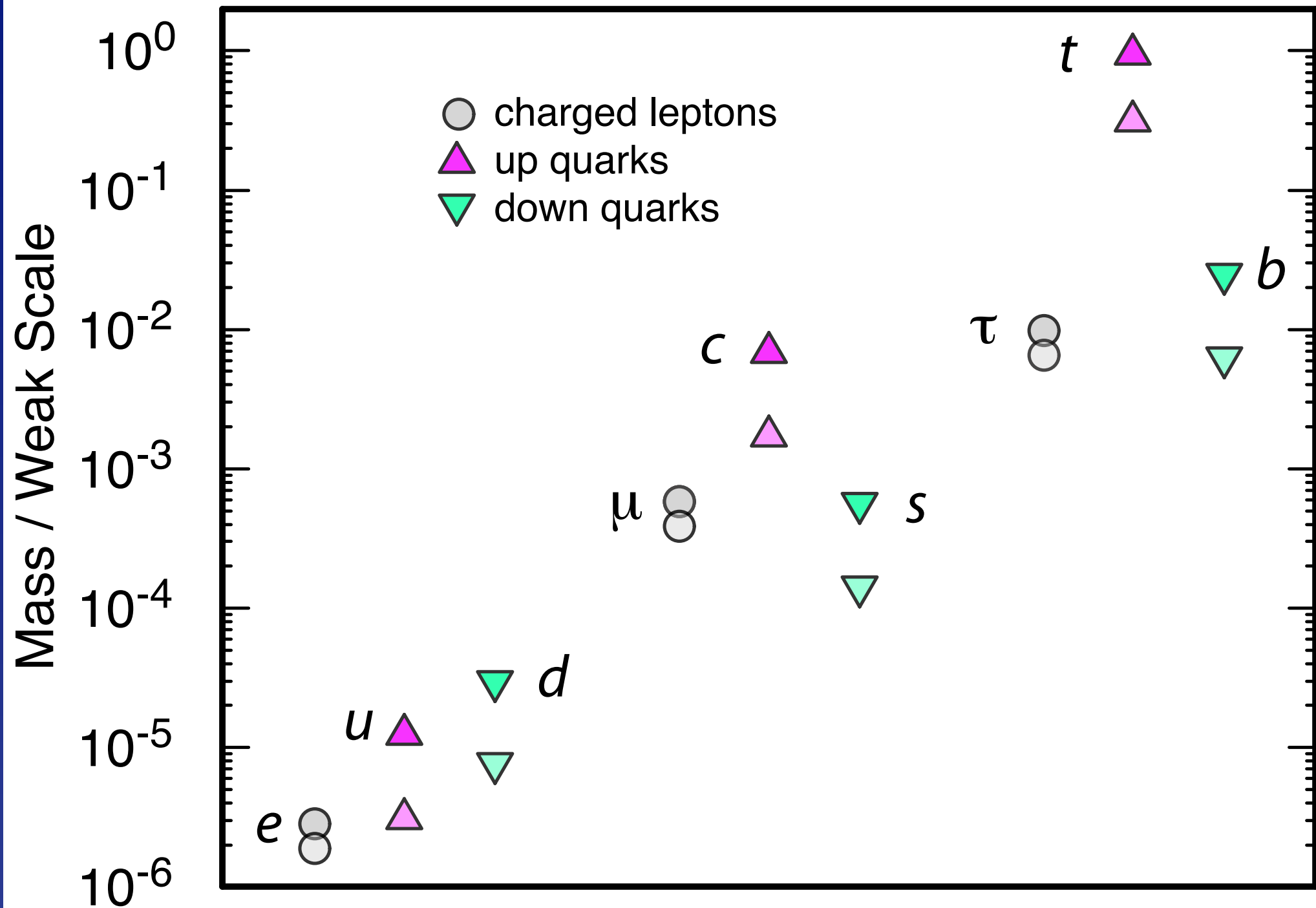
after SSB

What does the muon weigh?

ζ_e : picked to give right mass, not predicted

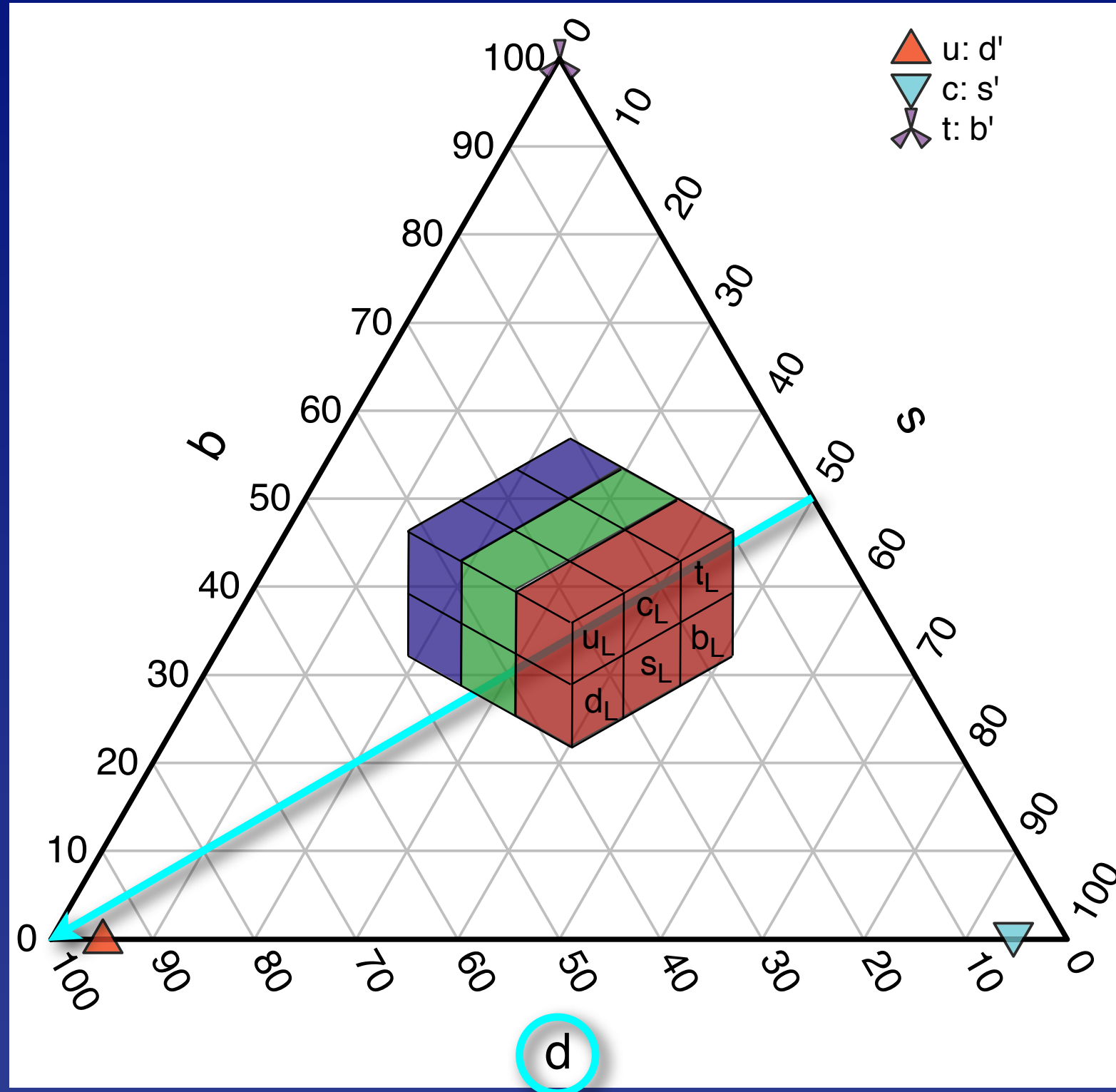
fermion mass implies physics beyond the standard model

Fermion Masses



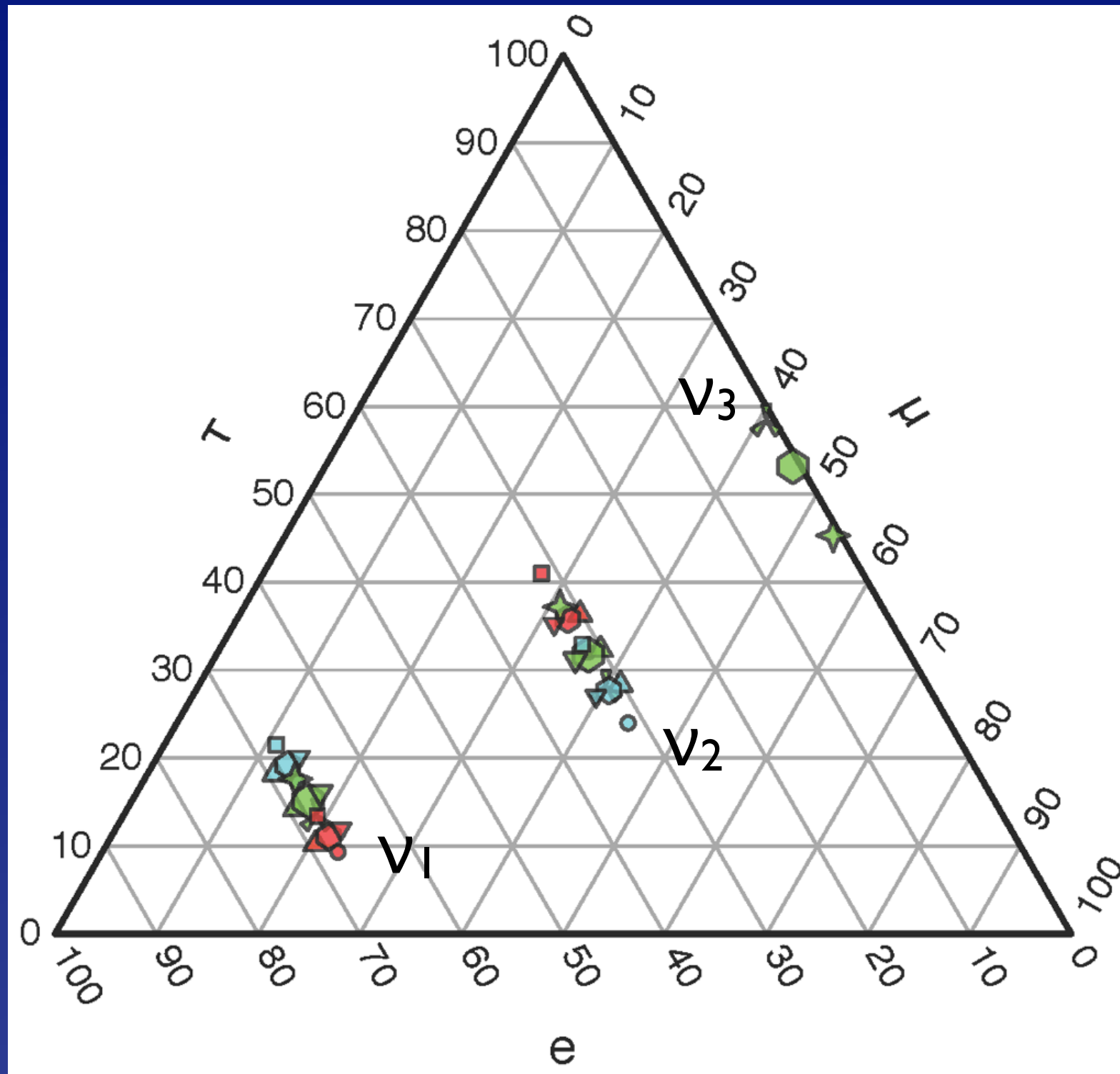
Running mass $m(m) \dots m(U)$

Quark family patterns: generations

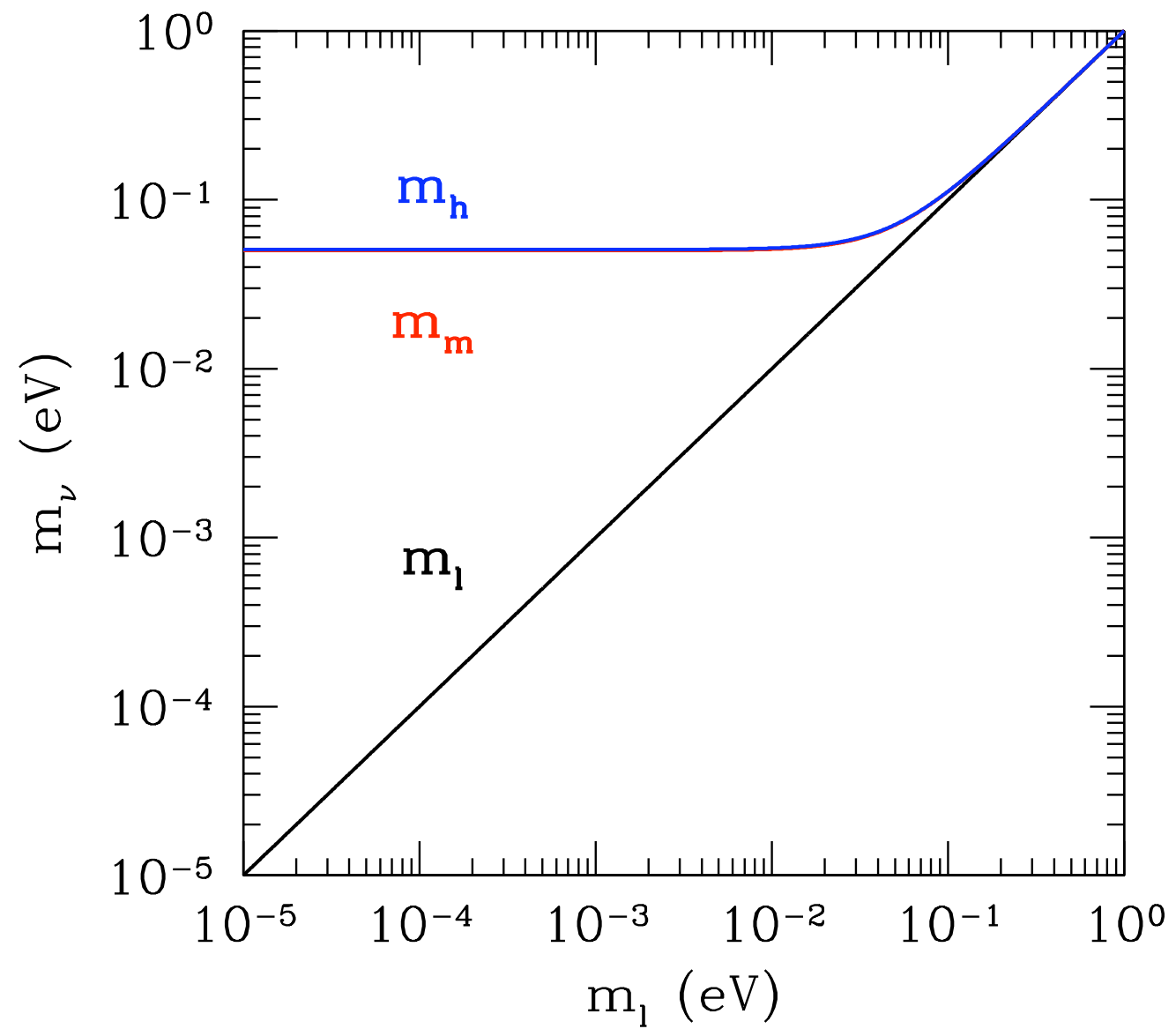
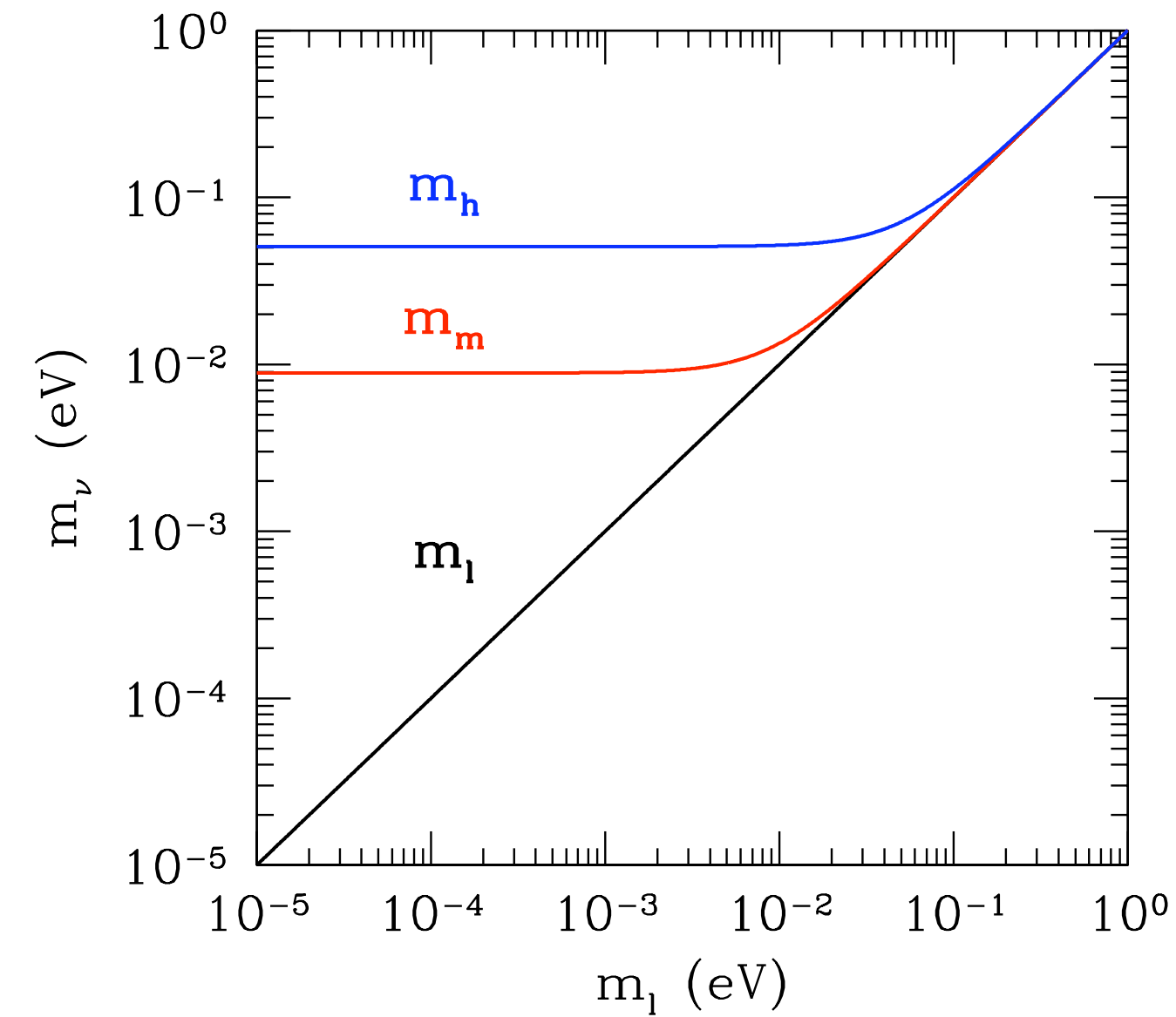


Veltman: Higgs boson knows something we don't know!

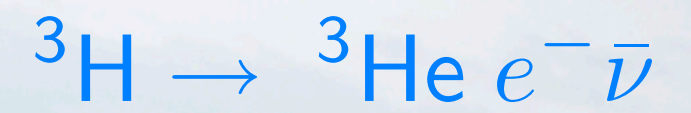
Neutrino family patterns



Neutrino Masses



KATRIN aims at 0.2 eV



Will the fermion masses and mixings reveal symmetries or dynamics or principles?

What is CP violation trying to tell us?

Some questions now seem to us the wrong questions:
Kepler's obsession – Why six planets in those orbits?

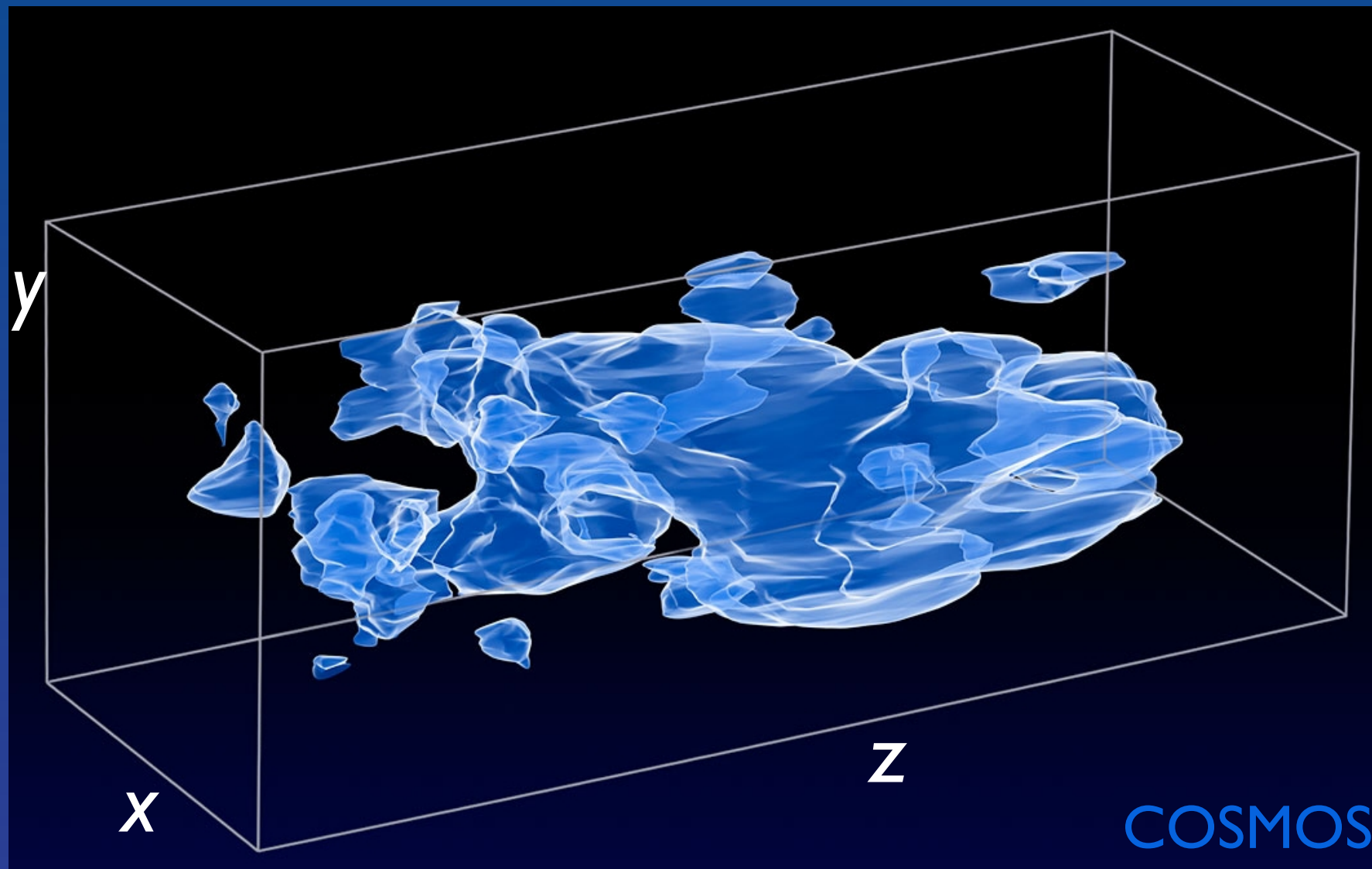
Landscape interpretation as environmental parameters

Might still hope to find equivalent of Kepler's Laws!

More

New Physics on the TeV Scale?

If dark matter interacts weakly ...

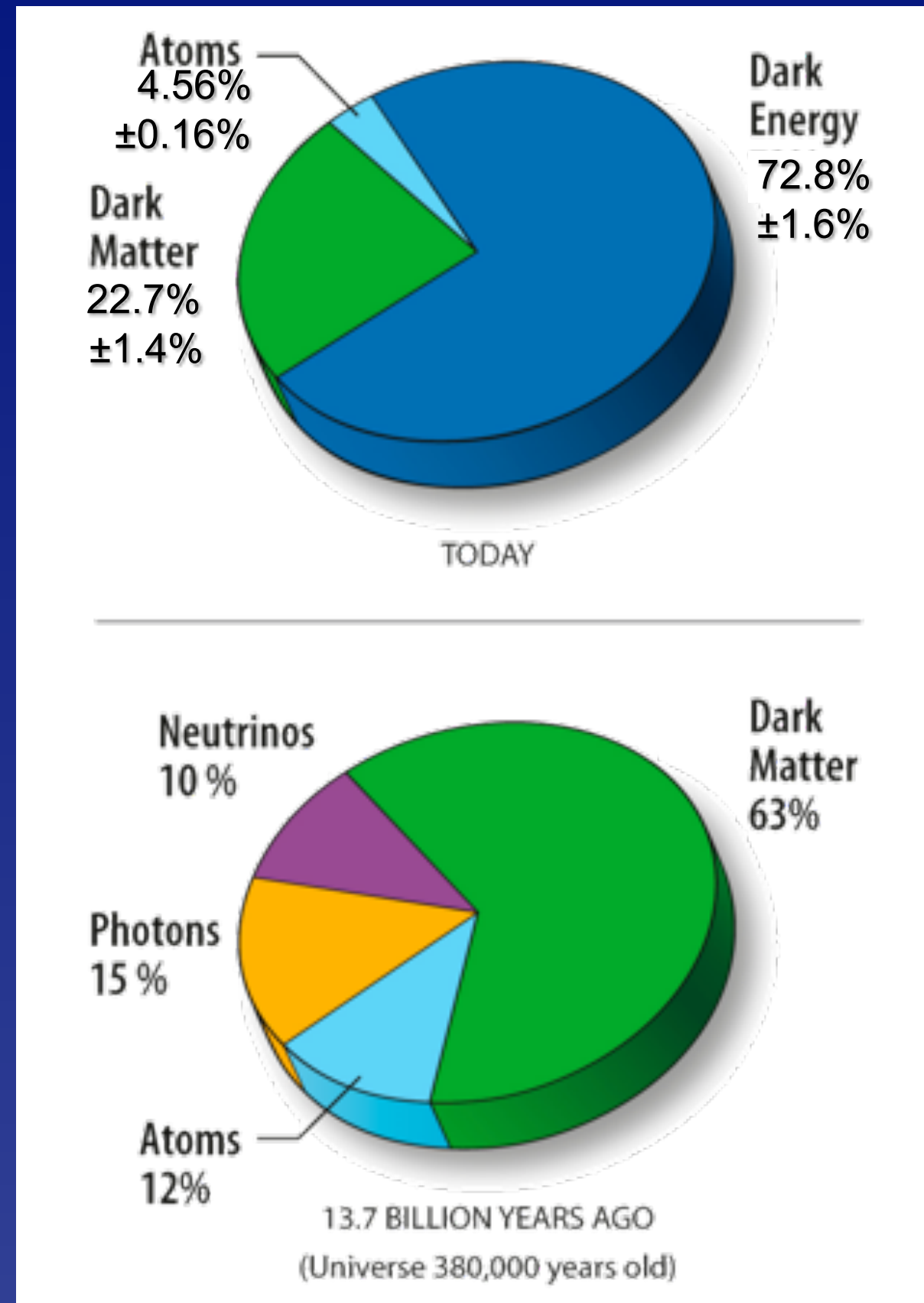


... its likely mass is 0.1 to 1 TeV

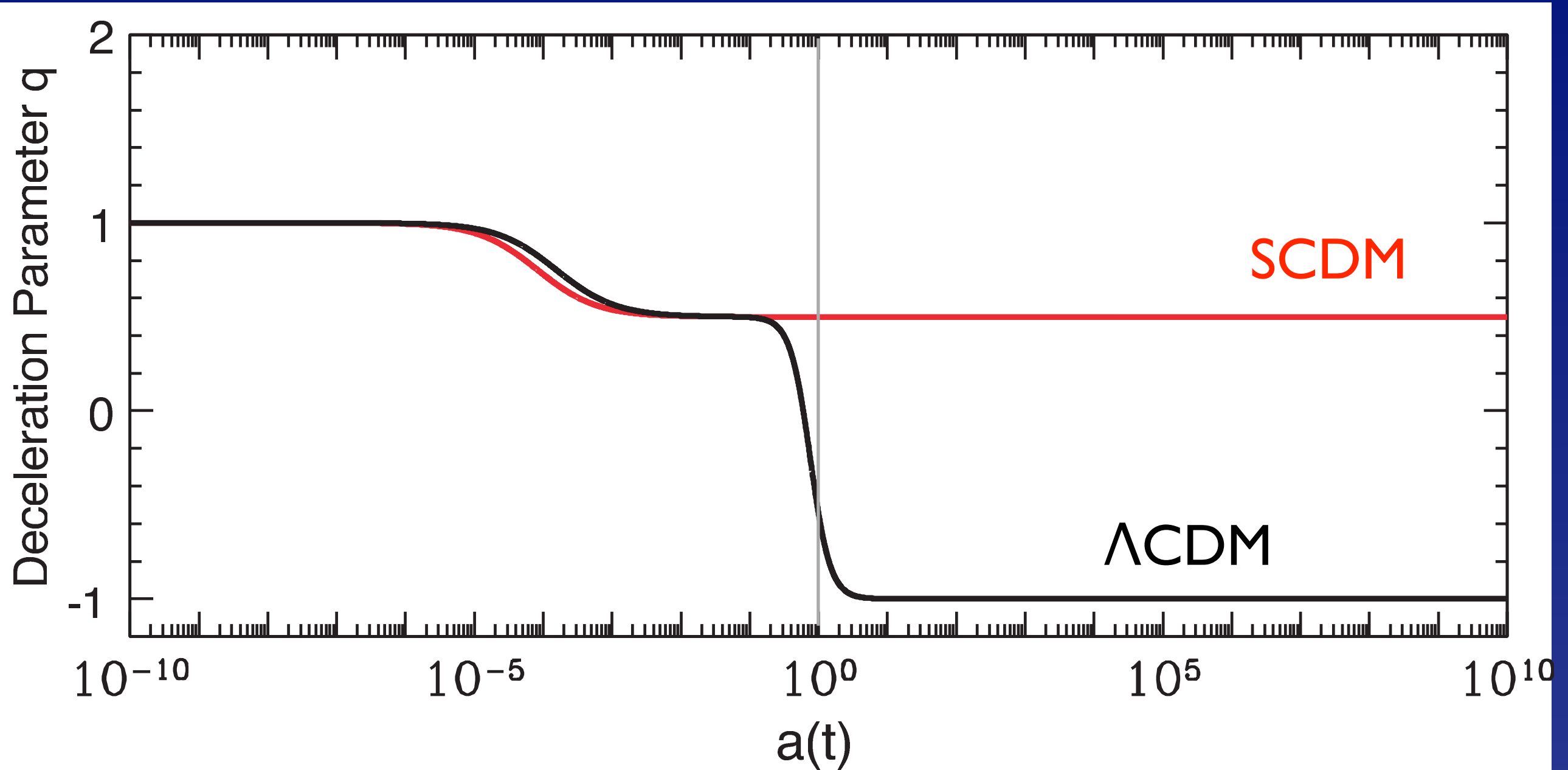
Composition Now and Then (WMAP)

$$\Omega \approx 1$$

Λ CDM

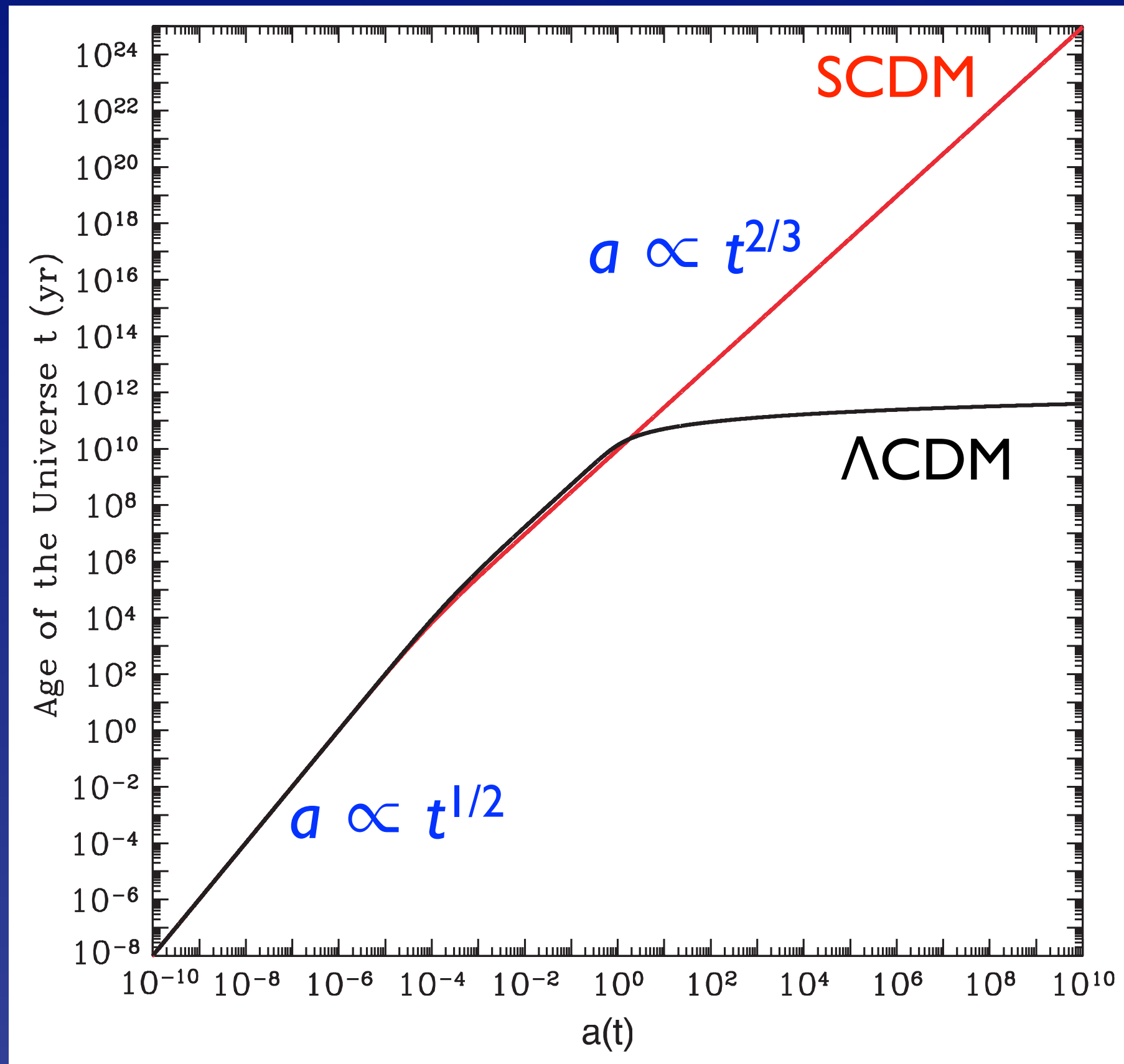


Λ CDM interpretation has remarkable implications



$$q \equiv -\frac{1}{H^2} \frac{\ddot{R}}{R} = \frac{\Lambda}{3H^2} - \frac{4\pi G_N}{3H^2} (\rho + 3p)$$

Λ CDM interpretation has remarkable implications



Perhaps not everything we know is true?

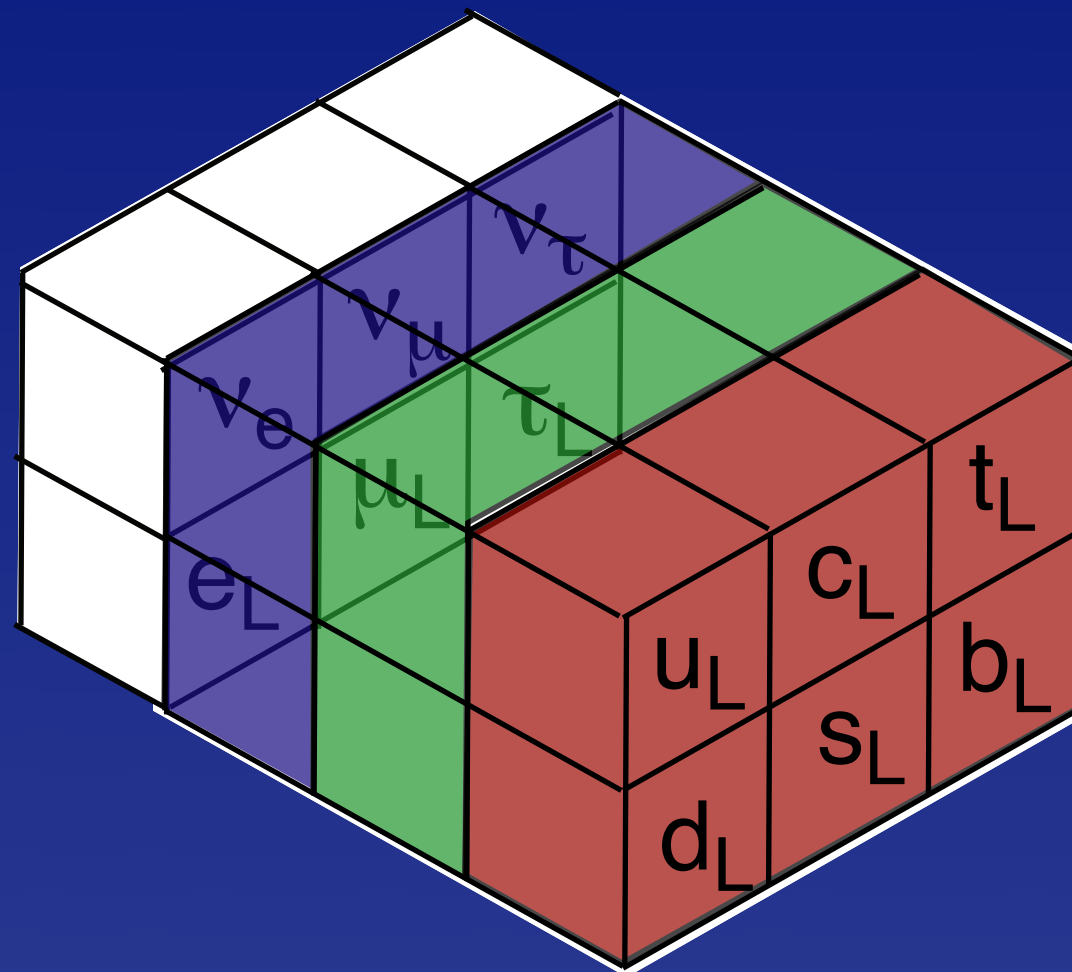
An invitation in my email:

Recently, Λ WDM (Warm Dark Matter) emerged impressively over Λ CDM (Cold Dark Matter) whose small-galactic-scale (and even larger scale) problems are ever-increasing ...

Λ WDM solves naturally the problems of Λ CDM and agrees with the observations at small as well as large and cosmological scales.

A Unified Theory?

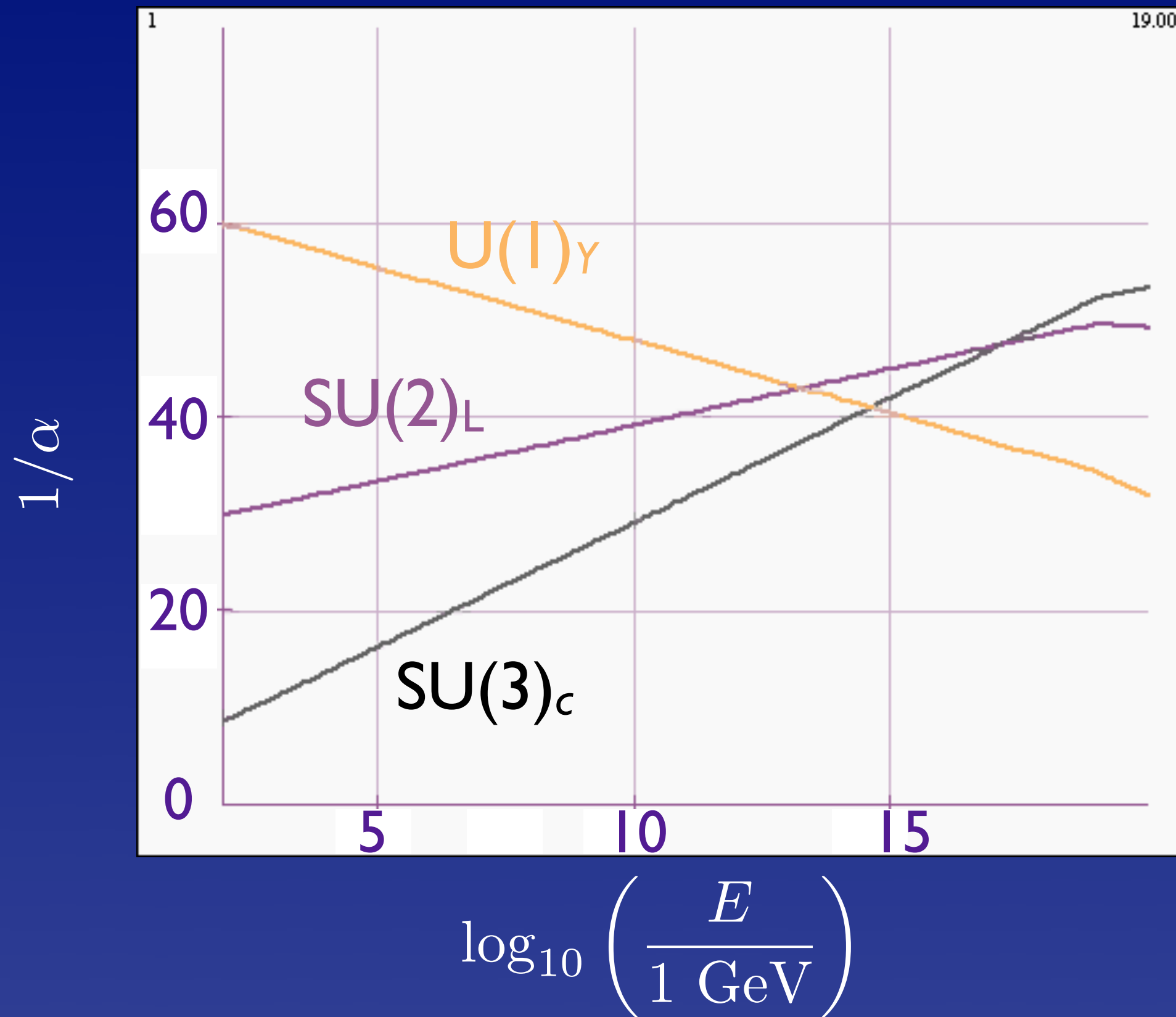
Why are atoms so remarkably neutral?



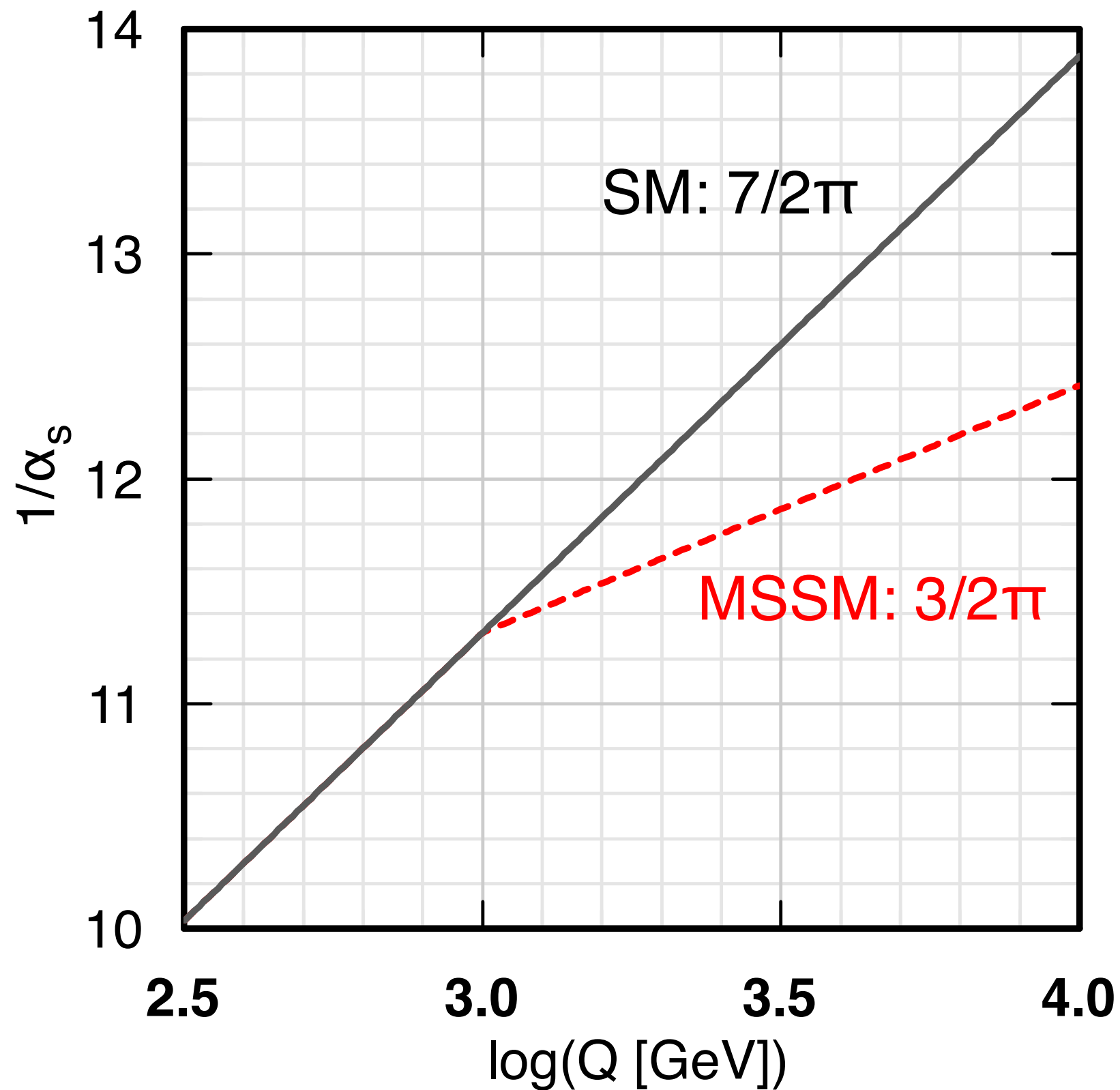
Coupling constant unification?

Extended quark–lepton families:
proton decay!

Unification of Forces?



Might LHC see the change in evolution?



An electroweak challenge:

Why is empty space so nearly massless?

Gravitational ep interaction $\approx 10^{-41}$ EM

But gravity is not always negligible ...

Higgs field contributes uniform vacuum energy density

$$\rho_H \equiv \frac{M_H^2 v^2}{8} \geq 10^8 \text{ GeV}^4 \approx 10^{28} \text{ g/liter}$$

$$\text{Critical density } \rho_c \equiv \frac{3H_0^2}{8\pi G_{\text{Newton}}} \lesssim 10^{-26} \text{ g/liter}$$

How to separate electroweak, higher scales?

... and address a few outliers, if confirmed

Extend electroweak theory on the 1-TeV scale ...

composite Higgs boson

technicolor / topcolor

supersymmetry

...

Ask instead why gravity is so weak

A New Conception of Spacetime?

Could space be >3 -dimensional?

Size and shape of extra dimensions?



J. Lykken

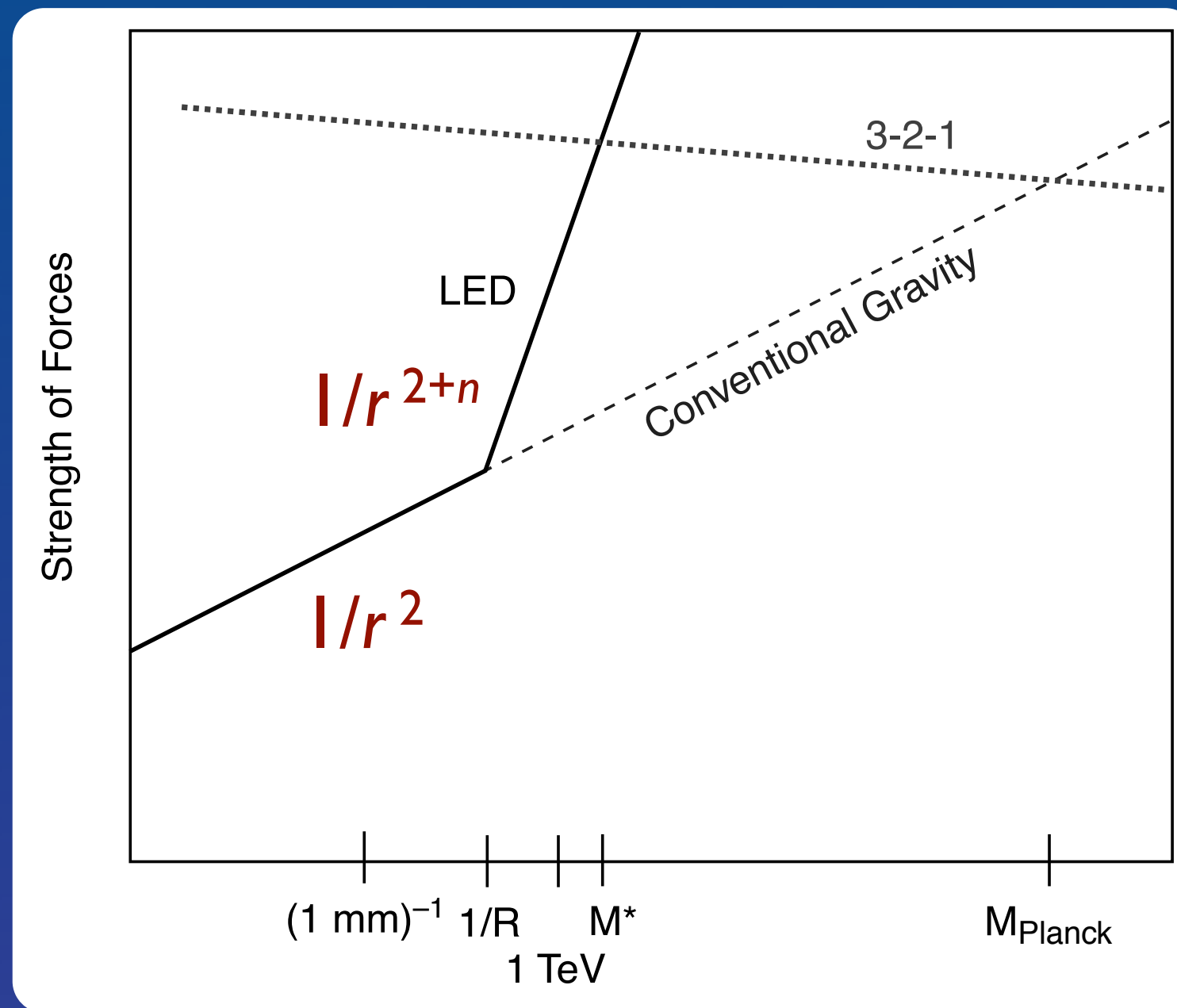
How do extra dimensions influence our world?

How can we map them?

(String theory wants 9 or 10.)

Suppose at scale R ... gravity propagates in $4+n$ dimensions

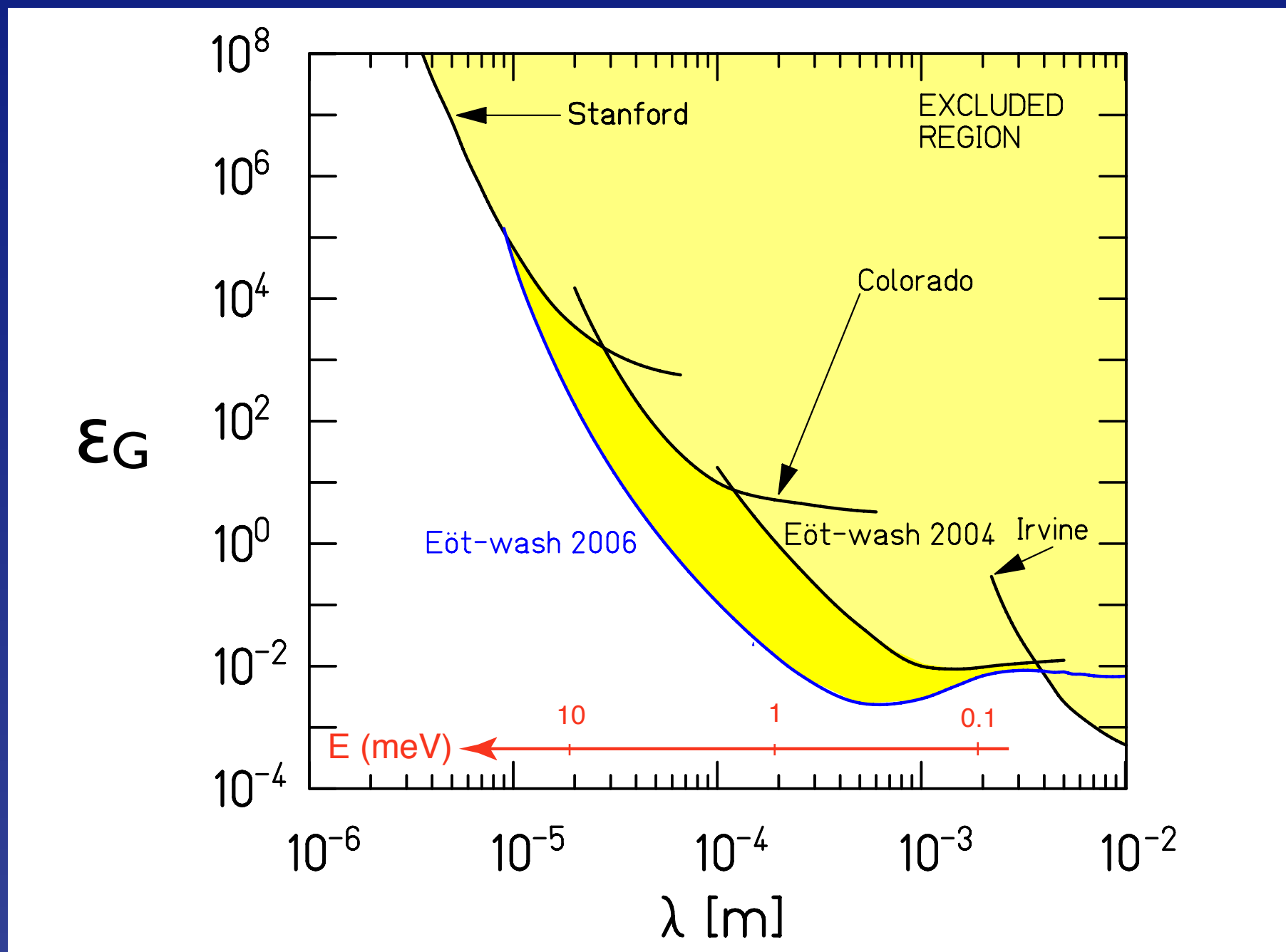
Gauss law: $G_N \sim M^{*-n-2} R^{-n}$ M^* : gravity's true scale



M_{Planck} would be a mirage!

Gravity follows Newtonian force law down to ≈ 1 mm

$$V(r) = - \int dr_1 \int dr_2 \frac{G_{\text{Newton}} \rho(r_1) \rho(r_2)}{r_{12}} [1 + \varepsilon_G \exp(-r_{12}/\lambda_G)]$$





Issues for the Future (Now!)

1. What is the agent of EWSB? Is there a Higgs boson? Might there be several?
2. Is the Higgs boson elementary or composite? How does it interact with itself? What triggers EWSB?
3. Does the Higgs boson give mass to fermions, or only to the weak bosons? What sets the masses and mixings of the quarks and leptons? *(How) is fermion mass related to the electroweak scale?*
4. Are there new flavor symmetries that give insights into fermion masses and mixings?
5. What stabilizes the Higgs-boson mass below 1 TeV?

Issues for the Future (Now!)

6. Do the different CC behaviors of LH, RH fermions reflect a fundamental asymmetry in nature's laws?
7. What will be the next symmetry we recognize? Are there additional heavy gauge bosons? Is nature supersymmetric? Is EW theory contained in a GUT?
8. Are all flavor-changing interactions governed by the standard-model Yukawa couplings? Does “minimal flavor violation” hold? If so, why?
9. Are there additional sequential quark & lepton generations? Or new exotic (vector-like) fermions?
10. What resolves the strong CP problem?

Issues for the Future (Now!)

- I 1. What are the dark matters? Any flavor structure?
- I 2. Is EWSB an emergent phenomenon connected with strong dynamics? How would that alter our conception of unified theories of the strong, weak, and electromagnetic interactions?
- I 3. Is EWSB related to gravity through extra spacetime dimensions?
- I 4. What resolves the vacuum energy problem?
- I 5. (When we understand the origin of EWSB), what lessons does EWSB hold for unified theories? ... for inflation? ... for dark energy?

Issues for the Future (Now!)

- 16. What explains the baryon asymmetry of the universe? Are there new (CC) CP-violating phases?
- 17. Are there new flavor-preserving phases? What would observation, or more stringent limits, on electric-dipole moments imply for BSM theories?
- 18. (How) are quark-flavor dynamics and lepton-flavor dynamics related (beyond the gauge interactions)?
- 19. At what scale are the neutrino masses set? Do they speak to the TeV scale, unification scale, Planck scale, ...?
- 20. How are we prisoners of conventional thinking?

Connections ...

[arXiv:0905.3187](#)

[Scientific American, 2.2008](#)